

TECHNICAL MANUAL

BROADCAST PRODUCTS



BAUER STANDARD AM BROADCAST

TRANSMITTERS

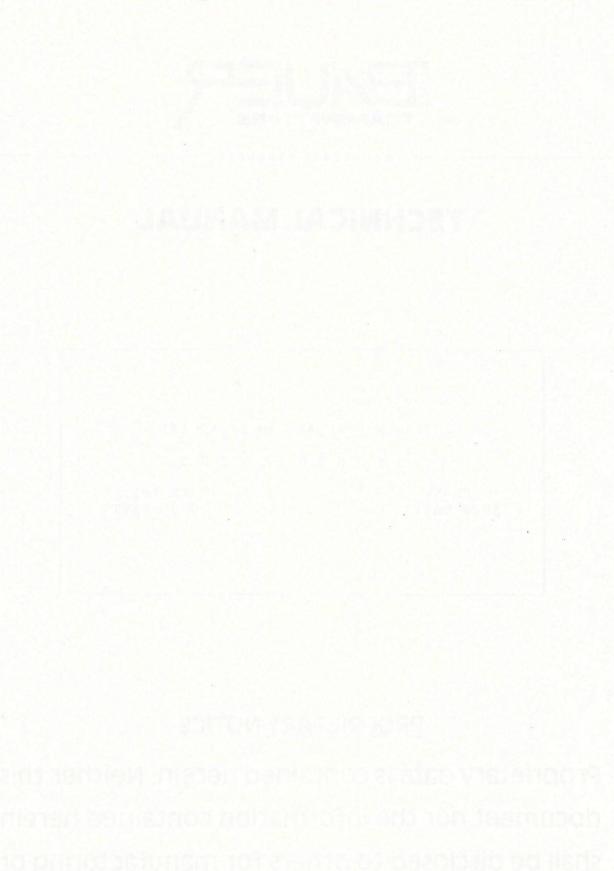
FB-5V 5000 WATTS FB-10J 10000 WATTS

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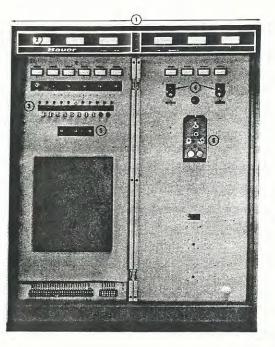


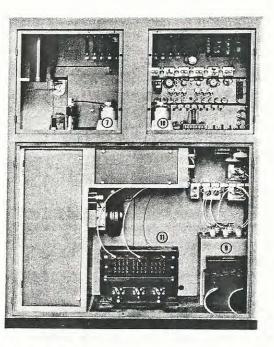
5,000 WATT AM BROADCAST TRANSMITTER MODEL FB-5V

THE NEWEST AND MOST COMPACT 5000 WATT

AM TRANSMITTER AVAILABLE

This 5 kw AM Transmitter is the latest in the popular line of Bauer[™] broadcast equipment. The Model FB-5V design includes every modern development in transmitter technology that is genuinely useful and does not represent a complicated answer to a simple problem. The straight-forward circuitry is easy for station engineers to understand and service.

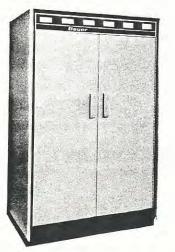




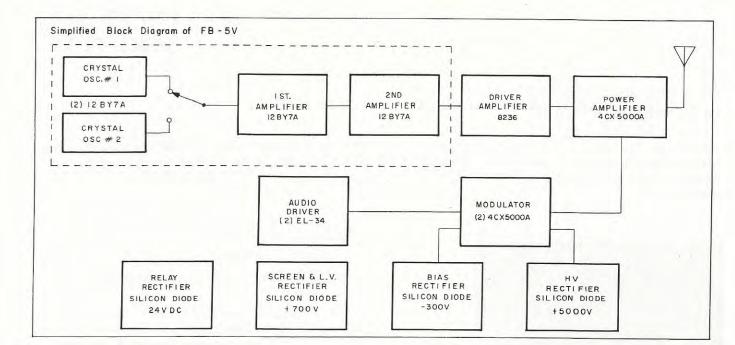


BROADCASTER BENEFITS

- 1. Compact, space saver -- only60"wide, 29" deep
- Full metering -- all functions displayed simultaneously
- Tally light fault locating system -- reset and get back-on-the-air fast. The Bauer tally light system remembers what caused the fault (or momentary overload) so it can be corrected later
- 4. Easy to tune -- and tuning is seldom needed
- 5. Simple control system -- ready to-go-the-air in 30 seconds
- Two vacuum crystals and two oscillators -- for long-term reliability
- 7. 6000-watt capability with power output to spare
- All self-contained unit with quick accessability to all components
- Oil-filled modulation transformer -- the latest and most reliable transformer gives dependable, long-term service
- Top quality modulator -- square wave tested, low distortion, outstanding transient response
- 11. Low ripple power supply -- simple design uses no filter choke
- 12. Lots of air -- keeps tubes cooler for longer life



G/A Bauer Comprehensive Catalog February, 1969. Sec. B2, Pg. 141



SPECIFICATIONS

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

AF input impedance. 600 ohms

AF input level. 10 dbm (100% modulation)

AF response. ± 1 db (30 - 12 KHz)

AF distortion. Less than 3% (95% mod., 50H0 KHz)

Noise. 60 db or better (Below 100% modulation)

Frequency stability. ±5 Hz

RF output. 50/70 ohms, unbalanced

Carrier shift. Less than 3% (100% modulation)

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power output nominal. 5000 watts

Power output capability. 6000 watts

Power supply. 230 volts, 50/60 Hz, 3 phase

Power consumption.

0% modulation	10.6 kw
Average modulation	12.0 kw
100% modulation	15.5 kw

Power factor. 90%

Tube complement.

- 2 12BY7A oscillators
- 2 12BY7A buffers
- 1 8236 driver
- 1 4CX5000A power amplifier
- 2 EL-34/6CA7 audio driver
- 2 4CX5000A modulator

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MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Height, 75 inches (190.5 cm)

Width. 60 inches (152.4 cm)

Depth. 29 inches (73.7 cm)

Weights.

Net	2000 pounds	(907.2 kg)
Domestic	2400 pounds	(1086.6 kg)
Export	2700 pounds	(1224.7 kg)

Altitude range. To 8000 feet

Ambient operating temperature. To 113°F

ORDERING INFORMATION

G/A Bauer Model FB-5V AM transmitter, 5000/1000 or 500 watts, complete with tubes, two crystals, tuned and tested on frequency.

Optional and accessory equipment

Type TK-5V recommended set of spare tubes Type WRC-10T remote control system Type 440B Log Alarm[®] automatic logging system Type ACU-305 antenna coupling unit

OTHER G/A BAUER AM TRANSMITTERS

Model 720 50-watt transmitter Model 707 1000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-3A 3000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-10J 10, 000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-15A 15, 000-watt AM transmitter Model 725 25, 000-watt AM transmitter

More information for you.

Additional information on this product is available from Granger Associates-Bauer Broadcast Products, 1601 California Avenue, Palo Alto, California 94304 or 818 18th Street NW, Washington, D. C. 20006; 1 Brooklands Road, Weybridge, Surrey, England; 1-3 Dale Street, Brookvale, NSW 2100, Australia; or from the G/A-BAUER Communication Engineering Office nearest you.

10,000 WATT AM BROADCAST TRANSMITTER MODEL FB-10J

THE NEWEST AND MOST COMPACT 10,000 WATT

AM TRANSMITTER AVAILABLE

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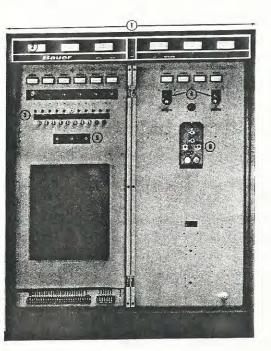
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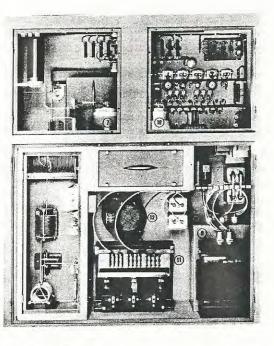
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This 10-kw AM Transmitter is the latest in the popular line of Bauer[™]broadcast equipment. The Model FB-10J design includes every modern development in transmitter technology that is genuinely useful and does not represent a complicated answer to a simple problem. The straight-forward circuitry is easy for station engineers to understand and service.





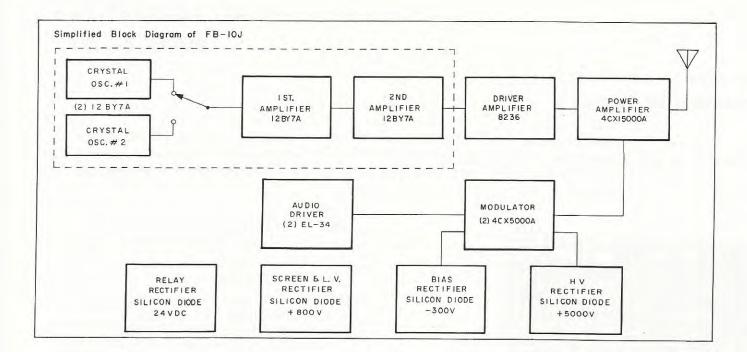


BROADCASTER BENEFITS

- 1. Compact, space-saving size, 60"wide, 29"deep
- 2. Full metering -- simultaneous display of all transmitter functions
- 3. Tally light fault locating system -- reset and get back on-the-air fast. The Bauer tally light system remembers what caused the fault or momentary overload) so it can be corrected later
- 4. Easy to tune -- and tuning is seldom needed
- Simple control system with a minimum of operating switches and controls
- For long-term reliability --two vacuum crystals and two oscillators
- 12,000 watt capability -- ample reserve for efficient asymmetrical modulation...more energy into the side band
- 8. All self-contained unit with quick accessibility to all components
- Oil-filled modulation transformer -- the latest and most reliable transformer gives dependable, long-term service
- Top quality modulator -- square wave tested, low distortion, outstanding transient response
- Low ripple power supply -- simple, reliable design uses no filter choke
- Lots of air movement -- keeps tubes cool for long life



G/A Bauer Comprehensive Catalog February, 1969.Sec. B2, Pg. 151



SPECIFICATIONS

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

AF input impedance. 600 ohms

AF input level. 10 db (100% modulation)

AF response. ±1-1/2 db (30 - 12 KHz)

AF distortion. Less than 3% (95% mod., 50 - 10 KHz)

Noise. 60 db or better (Below 100% modulation)

Frequency stability. ±5 Hz

RF output. 50/70 ohms, unbalanced

Carrier shift. Less than 3% (100% modulation)

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power output nominal. 10,000 watts

Power output capability. 12, 500 watts

Power supply. 230 volts, 50/60 Hz, 3 phase

Power consumption.

0% modulation	19 kw
Average modulation	22 kw
100% modulation	27 kw

Power factor. 90%

Tube complement.

- 2 12BY7A oscillators
- 2 12 BY7A buffers
- 1 4CX 15,000A power amplifier
- 2 EL-34/6CA7 audio driver
- 2 4CX5000A modulator

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MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

<u>Height.</u> 75 inches (190.5 cm) <u>Width.</u> 60 inches (152.4 cm) <u>Depth.</u> 29 inches (73.7 cm)

Weights.

 Net
 2500 pounds (1134.0 kg)

 Domestic
 2900 pounds (1315.4 kg)

 Export
 3100 pounds (1350.4 kg)

Altitude range. To 800 feet

Ambient operating temperature. To 113°F

ORDERING INFORMATION

G/A Bauer Model FB-10J AM transmitter, 10,000 watts, complete with tubes, two crystals, tuned and tested on frequency.

Optional and accessory equipment

Autotransformer for 208 V operation Type TK-10J recommended set of spare tubes Power cutback kit -- to 5000 watts Type WRC-10T remote control system Type 440B Log Alarm[®] automatic logging system Type ACU-310 antenna coupling unit

OTHER G/A BAUER AM TRANSMITTERS Model 720 50-watt AM transmitter Model 707 1000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-3A 3000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-5V 5000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-15A 15, 000-watt AM transmitter Model 725 25, 000-watt AM transmitter

More information for you.

Additional information on this product is available from Granger Associates-Bauer Broadcast Products, 1601 California Avenue, Palo Alto, California 94304 or 818 18th Street NW, Washington, D. C. 20006; 1 Brooklands Rd., Weybridge, Surrey, England; 1-3 Dale Street, Brookvale, NSW 2100, Australia; or from the G/A-BAUER Communication Engineering Office nearest you.

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Radio Frequency

Section

Oscillator

The oscillator portion of the transmitter employs a Northern Engineering Laboratories Type T-12A "room temperature" crystal and a type 12BY7A tube connected in an electron-coupled circuit. A second similar oscillator may be selected by means of a front panel switch (SW8).

The switch functions to simultaneously remove plate and screen voltage and short-circuit the output of the unused oscillator. Filament voltage is applied continuously to both oscillators.

The oscillator is followed by a type 12BY7A tube operating as a class "A" buffer for maximum isolation. The buffer drives a second type 12BY7A class "C" amplifier--the plate circuit of which is resonated by means of a small slug-tuned coil.

The entire oscillator/buffer unit is assembled on a small aluminum subchassis mounted on the front side of the right panel. By releasing a single captive thumbscrew the unit hinges downward at right angles to the panel completely exposing all components and wiring.

RF Driver

The driver assembly is mounted on the right front panel immediately behind the oscillator unit. An aluminum enclosure shields its components from the final amplifier circuitry.

It consists of a single 8236 tube operating as a low power "C" amplifier. Grid bias is obtained from a combination of fixed and self-rectified bias. The fixed bias is selected to result in class "A" dissipation in case of exitation failure.

The output of the driver stage is matched into the final power amplifier grid circuit by means of a pi network, resulting in a good efficiency and harmonic suppression. It is tuned by a high grade variable inductance operated from a front panel counter dial.

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Final Power Amplifier

The final power amplifier consists of one high level plate and screen modulated tetrode type 4CX5000A, (4CX15000A in 10-J). Provisions are made to neutralize this stage for high frequency operation although this is not necessary at standard broadcast frequencies.

To compensate for line voltage variations, the power is trimmed by means of a motor driven output loading control. The final bias may be measured by operating a switch in the LV rectifier voltmeter circuit. The final plate current meter is connected in the cathode circuit where it also measures screen current. A separate screen meter permits determination of net plate current. The rectified RF grid current does not flow through the plate meter.

The final tank circuit is matched into a 51 ohm unbalanced load by means of a "Tee" network. The second harmonic is suppressed by a series resonant circuit in shunt with the output of the tank circuit. The third harmonic is suppressed by a similar circuit in shunt with the output of the "Tee" network.

The input of the "Tee" is usually adjusted to provide a resistive load of from 60 to 80 ohms to the output of the final tank to provide greater flexibility in the adjustment of the circuit, reduce circulating currents and to improve the degree of control provided by the variable output loading trimmer condenser.

Modulator

The modulator consists of an audio frequency voltage amplifier using two push-pull type EL-34 tubes resistance coupled to the grids of two push-pull type 4CX5000A tetrodes operating as class AB-1 modulators. An R-C network provides approximately 8 db of inverse feed back from the modulator plates to the audio amplifier grids.

This relatively simple and highly effective audio system is capable of supplying an excess of audio power for either the five or ten kilowatt transmitters. When used with a properly designed limiting input amplifier, high average modulation may be maintained without distortion.

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Power Supplies

The high voltage power supply used in these transmitters consists of a three phase, full wave, bridge configuration having a 12 phase output with 1% ripple at 720 cycles. The remaining ripple is then brought to a negligible value with filter capacitors only--no filter chokes are used.

The rectifier consists of 12 panels each comprising 10 silicon diodes and their individual voltage equalizing capacitors and resistors. This rectifier supplies plate and screen voltage for the final RF power amplifier and plate voltage for the modulator stage.

A second, low voltage, full wave, single phase bridge rectifier supplies all other tube voltages. The output is split into positive and negative supplies with separate filters. The positive side supplies plate and screen voltage for all low power RF stages including the final driver as well as the audio voltage amplifier and the modulator screens. The negative side provides individually controlled bias for each modulator and limiting bias for the RF driver.

A third rectifier-filter supplies 24 VDC to all control relays and signal lamps. This rectifier remains on continuously and makes possible the application of auxiliary remote control equipment that handles no voltages in excess of 24 VDC as already provided.

Control

The 5V and 10J transmitters have an advanced control and tally light system not normally found on transmitters of this power category. All control relays (excepting power change) are front panel mounted on a hinged aluminum plate under a hinged dust cover. All are completely accessible for inspection during transmitter operation. Individual relay functions are described on separate pages of this brochure.

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INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

FB-5V FB-10J

STANDARD A.M. TRANSMITTERS

External Wiring

All components including power supply and modulation components are enclosed in one, heavy gauge, steel cabinet with aluminum compartmentation. No additional wiring between bays is required.

The only externally mounted elements are two primary safety disconnect switches, the high current primary magnetic breakers and their associated overload relays. This is done to permit visual inspection of these elements during operation, to prevent the closing mechanical shock of the breaker from disturbing other components and to eliminate as far as possible all high current wiring and terminals within the transmitter.

It is recommended that the above items be solidly mounted on a firm wall and interconnected by short length of oversized conduit. An experienced electrician, familiar with local codes, should be retained for this work.

No air exhaust ducts attached to the transmitter are required or recommended. Instead heated air is exhausted into the room from grills located in the top of the transmitter. The room should be ventilated by means of an exhaust fan with automatic louvers and controlled by a thermostat. The fan should be so located that it does not operate against prevailing winds. The air entering the room should be through a special opening fitted with air filters and so located that water vapor and spray will not be drawn into the room during rains. The passage of incoming air from this opening to the transmitter should be relatively unobstructed.

Means must also be provided to prevent transmitter components from reaching very low temperatures during inoperative periods in cold weather to prevent warm air subsequently flowing through transmitter causing moisture condensation.

After the transmitter has been placed in its final location connect the best available, low impedance radio ground to the three 1/4-20 studs provided at the lower edge of the front panel by means of a 3 or 4 inch wide copper ribbon.

Install all large components comprising T2, L22 and the T-10 power supply. Means should be provided to protect the cabinet door jamb by a wood or metal plate while lifting the heavy components over it. Place T-2 with terminals #5 and #4 facing the front of the cabinet. The hold down bolts for

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these units are not provided to hold them down but to insure proper placement and grounding. No provisions are made for those that are relatively inaccessible. Connect all tagged wires to correspondingly labeled terminals on the transformers. The high current, three phase primary wires for T-10 power supply may be brought in through the 1-3/8" opening with the plastic grommet in the front panel or through a condulet installed at the same place. If this opening is not used it should be plugged to prevent incoming air from bypassing the air filter.

Next, the remaining wiring may be completed. Miniature 75 ohm coaxial cable for the modulation and frequency monitors is coiled at the extreme lower left edge of the front panel. If the frequency monitor supply is not used or terminated, the inner conductor should be shorted to the outer conductor to prevent stray pickup.

All power control wires go to terminals 1 thru 7. The three phase supply leads going to terminals 1 thru 3 should be so arranged that they can be phased in any combination pending later noise measurements.

Terminals #8 and #14 are used only for power cut-back circuits. The remaining terminals are for remote control, remote metering and the audio input. The audio input is unbalanced with internal T pads. Do not use H pads between the audio amplifier and the transmitter. If pads are required they must be of T configuration with the series legs connected to terminal #26. The AF cable sheath may be grounded either at the console or at terminal #24.

Terminals 33 and 34 may be connected to the output of the antenna current rectifier and the meter M6 calibrated against the regular antenna meter. M6 panel meter has a 1 Ma. D.C. movement with a 15 or 20 ampere linear scale.

The inner conductor of the output coax should be connected to the 1/4-20 insulated stud provided in the lower left hand corner of the front panel. The extreme end of the outer conductor should be grounded to the nearby 1/4-20 stud provided. The coax may be brought in either from above, through the side wall or up from the floor. In directional installations where the phasing cabinet is located directly against the right cabinet wall, it is recommended that the wiring from C44 be modified to a similar feedthru insulator installed directly between the transmitter RF compartment and the interior of the phasing cabinet.

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Preliminary Circuit Check

Transmitters are normally shipped with all crystals and small tubes installed. Install remaining large tubes in airsockets with very firm pressure and a slight twisting motion. Be sure they are firmly seated as far down as they will go. Connect all plate lead clips.

After all connections are completed and double checked and with start switch SW3 in "OFF" position close safety switch SW10. This should energize the 24 V.D.C. relay rectifier and upper panel lamp PL3 should light. Also check line voltages on M8 by means of SW6 just under the meter.

Operate SW3 to "START". This will start the blower if SW9 is closed. As soon as air flow is established air switch SW13 mounted over modulator tube #1 will close and extinguish PL4 marked "AIR". If all rear doors are closed the low voltage rectifier will also be energized. Panel light PL2 will indicate and the "BIAS" lamp will be extinguished.

At this point the only signal lamp that should still indicate is the "OSC". After about one minute the oscillator tubes will be heated which should result in final grid current. This will extinguish the "OSC" lamp.

Check all LV meter readings against the "Typical Meter Reading" tabulation. The final grid indication will be about 20% high in the absence of plate and screen voltage. Check filament voltages on Mll by means of SW7.

Check the operation of the overload signal lights associated with relays K16, K31, K32, K33 and K34 by manually tripping these relays. Extinguish lamps by pressing SP3.

If no abnormalities are encountered and a correctly terminated load is connected to the transmitter output, proceed with the application of the high voltage.

Close the HV primary safety disconnect switch SWll and restart transmitter. All "Control Monitor" lamps should be out after final grid current is established. Press and release HV rectifier start button (red) SP2. If line voltage is indicated on M8 with SW6 on "Ter. #4" the main breaker K37 should close.

Immediately check all meter readings for reasonable agreement with "Typical Readings" tabulation. Next review all appropriate paragraphs in subsequent section entitled "Tuning Procedure" for final performance checkout.

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Maintenance

After the transmitter has been in operation for 30 days, all terminals should be tightened and again checked regularly thereafter.

A soft dust brush augmented with a vacuum cleaner should be used as often as necessary to prevent any accumulation of dust within the cabinet. The permanent dust filter should be cleaned as often as necessary. This will vary depending upon local conditions.

Conditions that lead to eventual component failures can often be localized before an outage occurs. The normal operating temperatures of coils, capacitors, chokes, transformers, etc., can be established by feeling these components immediately after the transmitter is signed off. It is suggested that the major components, other than tubes and large resistors, be checked for excessive heating at sign-off once each week. Such procedure will establish familiarity with normal conditions. Too much emphasis cannot be placed on the practice of careful correction of each abnormality as it occurs to prevent a number of small defects from suddenly merging into one serious failure.

A. F. Distortion and Noise Adjustments

After all RF adjustments are completed and the transmitter is operating normally into its permanent load, the following procedure may be completed to insure optimum audio performance.

Apply plate voltage and set total modulator plate current on meter M1 to 500 Ma., by means of rheostat R58 labeled "MOD BIAS." Then adjust individual modulator plate current indications to equal values on meters M9 and M10 by means of potentiometer R60 labeled "MOD BAL."

With hum compensating potentiometer R91 rotated completely CCW and audio balance potentiometer R41 at resistance center (slot vertical) measure transmitter audio distortion at 3000 cycles at 95% modulation. If possible, improve reading by adjustment of R41. If lowest distortion is obtained with R41 at either end of rotation, try reversing positions of audio amplifier tubes EL-34 or utilize spares for different pairing.

Next, measure residual transmitter noise level below 100% modulation at 1000 cycles. Be sure measurement of noise is truly representative of transmitter by removing or disabling any possible source of noise external to transmitter. Make initial measurements with R91 at full "off" at CCW position. If noise measures between 50 and 60 Db down, try improving by reconnecting T-10 power supply primary in each of six possible combinations.

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Try improving each combination with "hum bucking" suppression by rotating R91 clockwise. Record results of each test. When completed, re-establish best combination of T-10 primary and R-91 setting. If final results are well below minus 60 Db, additional suppression may be obtained by adjustment of final filament center tap resistor R-32. In general, best noise figures are obtained with highest final DC screen voltage and the three phase power supply voltages equalized within 3%.

Of course, the phasing of the hum bucking source must be correct or the noise level will be increased by the operation of R91. The noise will not be reduced in all combinations of T-10 primary connections.

In some cases, it may be necessary, for better than acceptable noise figures, to change the phasing of T-3 by connecting the line side of its primary fuse F-3 to the load side of F-2 (phase 3).

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TUNING PROCEDURE

All transmitters are tuned and extensively tested on the customer's frequency and specified load. It should not be necessary, therefore, to make any significant re-adjustments or modifications in the field. Should it appear that such adjustments are necessary, consideration should first be given to the following possibilities:

- 1. Damage sustained in shipping or subsequent handling.
- Failure to provide supply voltage characteristics or output load conditions originally contemplated.
- 3. Faulty installation practice or wiring errors.

Oscillator/Buffer and Driver Stages

To avoid the possibility of accidently energizing the main high voltage rectifier, open wall mounted safety switch SW-11. It is assumed all power, control and signal circuits have been checked out as outlined in the "Preliminary Installation Instructions".

Set SW-4 for low power operation.* Install T-12A crystal of correct frequency in only one of crystal sockets on oscillator/buffer chassis. Restart transmitter by closing "START" switch SW3. After approximately 30 seconds all tube filaments on this unit will have heated sufficiently to pass plate current. Operate crystal switch SW8 to activate oscillator with crystal installed. Adjust tuning slug of L5 for maximum "DRIVER GRID" current. This is a small screwdriver adjustment immediately above the second buffer (12BY7A) tube. If this current is not within the tabulated low power value, review plate supply voltage at oscillator terminal #5 which should be approximately 200 volts. Check oscillator tube supply voltage at oscillator/buffer unit terminal #4. This should be set at approximately 100 volts by a slider on R54.

Further control of the R.F. driver grid current may be had by selecting a different value for the 2 watt carbon resistor shunting RFC L6 or by changing the fixed bias on the driver tube** by adjusting the appropriate slider on R59.

* See Note #1 at end of this section.

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^{**} The selected bias, however, should not be so low that the static plate current, in the absence of grid exitation, exceeds 25 Ma.

Adjust "DRVR PLATE" current to minimum value by "dipping" with "DRVR. TUNING" control. Compare this value and "FINAL GRID" reading with tabulation for "LO" power operation. The final grid current should be approximately 15% high in the absence of final screen and plate voltage.

Operate crystal switch SW8 to activate oscillator without crystal. The driver and final grid current meters should drop to zero. The driver plate current should drop either to zero or a value no higher than 25 ma. Any other results are a certain indication of the presence of parasitic oscillation.

Plug second crystal into oscillator above activated. All readings formerly obtained with crystal #1 should now be restored using crystal #2.

If a calibrated frequency monitor is available and connected, it should now be possible to zero beat each oscillator on the correct frequency by adjusting Cl variable capacitor. This is a screwdriver adjustment just above each crystal.

The driver plate/final grid coupling circuit is a conventional pi network with a small impedance transformation. The LC ratio is not critical and good harmonic attenuation is obtained. The final neutralizing voltage is obtained from the driver plate end and is caused to "look" at one end plate of the final plate blocking capacitor C34. The adjustment is not critical though easily made by any of several conventional methods. It can be totally eliminated at broadcast frequencies without causing instability. The correct adjustment is normally made at the factory and locked and should not require correction.

FINAL POWER AMPLIFIER

The following adjustment instructions assume the installation of factory supplied frequency determining elements in the output tuning, loading and harmonic shunt circuits. The final tuning capacitor C35 is front panel controlled as are harmonic shunt inductances L15 and L16.

Terminate the output of the transmitter in a non-reactive load of 51 ohms. This may be the regular radiating load or a full power dummy load providing either is arranged to be entirely non-reactive. In the absence of these loads a combination of small 2 watt resistors having a combined R.F. resistance of 51 ohms may be substituted. Connect directly from output insulator to ground stud.

a) Disconnect 3F harmonic shunt capacitor C43 from output of L14/C44. By means of a radio frequency bridge and accessories adjust L16 until the L16/C43 combination is series resonant (non-reactive) at 3 times the operating frequency. <u>Reconnect C43 to the output</u> circuit.

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- b) Disconnect C42 from the tank output circuit and repeat above procedure with the C42/L15 combination at 2 times the operating frequency.
- c) Disconnect L13 input from all other circuit elements (L12, C37, C39, C42, etc.). Connect bridge to input of L13 and adjust L13 and L14 to indicate a resistance of not less than 50 ohms or more than 90 ohms with a minimum of reactance at the operating frequency. L14 will control the resistance and L13 will tune out the reactance. This completes the bridge measurements. Reconnect all output tuning circuits.

Set "FINAL LOADING" capacitor to mid range. Rotate R64 power output trim rheostat to approximately midrange. Terminate transmitter output in full power load. Close safety switch SW-11. Operate power change switch SW4* to "LO", and start transmitter.

When final grid current is established apply modulator plate voltage and final plate and screen voltage by depressing the red HV rectifier start button SP-2. Upon releasing the button low power breaker K-38 should close. Approximately 2300 volts should be indicated by M2 "FINAL PLATE". Minimize final plate current indication on M5 "FINAL PLATE & SCRN." by adjusting C-35 with panel counter dial labeled "FINAL TUNING".

Check all meter readings for reasonable agreement with "Typical Tabulation" for low power operation.

Set total modulator plate current indication on M1 to tabulated value by adjusting panel control R58 "MOD. BIAS". Balance modulator plate current indications on M9 and M10 by adjusting R60 "MOD. BAL.".

Since the value of output coupling capacitors C37 and C38 (if used) and the LC ratio of final tank elements C35 and L12 are factory established for the specified frequency and power output, there should be no significant difference between the indicated final plate current and the tabulated value.

If a substantial difference is noted all previous adjustments and measurements should be reviewed. Particular care should be exercised to determine the exact nature of the output load, which must be as specified.

After the foregoing tests are successfully completed and no abnormalities are evident operate "POWER CHANGE" switch SW4 to "H1" position*. After a momentary carrier interruption full power voltages will be applied to all tubes. Immediately recheck resonance "dip" adjustment of both driver and final. Compare all meter readings for reasonable agreement with typical values.

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Final amplifier grid current may be trimmed to proper value if necessary by adjustment of R55 controlling the DC plate input to the driver stage.

Power output is normally trimmed to compensate for line voltage variation by means of the motor driven final loading capacitor C-39.

Maximum final plate efficiency is usually obtained by detuning the final plate slightly on the high frequency side. Reduce capacity of C35 until the final plate current increases approximately 100 Ma. above the "dip" value. Reduce R.F. output to normal by increasing value of capacitor C39. A small reduction in net DC input to the final will usually result.

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- 1. This procedure applies to transmitters supplied with front panel controlled power cut-back facilities. For single power units, plate voltage can be reduced by moving link switch SW-12 (located on the right side of the plenum chamber). The switching of this link will provide a half voltage for test purposes. Appropriate consideration should be given to the expected resultant reduction in associated meter readings as compared to standard tabulations.
- The entire tuning adjustment range of "RF Driver Tuning" L-7 lies between 00/00 (minimum inductance) and 36/00 (maximum inductance).
- 3. The entire tuning adjustment range of "Final Tuning" capacitor C-35 lies between 00/00 (maximum capacity) and 22/00 (minimum capacity). Do not attempt to turn the counter dial beyond these extremes.

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Model FB-5V AM Transmitter

		5.4 KW	1.08 KW	.54 KW
Ml	Modulator plates	500 Ma	600 Ma	650 Ma
M2	Final plate	5000-5400 V	2200-2400V	1650-1750 V
М3	Final grid	45-55 Ma	32-36 Ma	18-22 Ma
M4	Final screen	150-200 Ma	100-200 Ma	100-150 Ma
M5	Final plate & screen*	1.3-1.5 A.	700-800 Ma	500-600 Ma
M6	R. F. Output (51 ohms)	10.3 A.	4.6 A.	3.25 A.
M7	A. F. amplifier**	20-24 Ma	20-24 Ma	20-24 Ma
M8	AC Mains	235/235/235 V	235/235/235 V	235/235/235 V
м9	Modulator #1	250 Ma	300 Ma	325 Ma
M10	Modulator #2	250 Ma	300 Ma	325 Ma
M11	Filament "RF Drvr" "Mod. #1" "Mod. #2" "Final"	6.1 to 6.3V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V	6.1 to 6.3V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V	6.1 to 6.3V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V
M12	LV Rectifier	700 to 800	700 to 800	700 to 800
M13	Driver Plate	80-120 Ma	50-70 Ma	35 - 50 Ma
M14	Driver grid	2-3 Ma	05 Ma	0-0 Ma
M15	Buffer plate	10-20 Ma	10-20 Ma	10-20 Ma
M16	Osc. plate	2-3 Ma	2-3 Ma	2-3 Ma

* Subtract "final screen" indication of M4 for net plate current.

** With modulator plate voltage applied.

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TYPICAL METER READINGS

Model FB-10J AM Transmitter

			10.8 KW	5.4 KW
Ml	Modulator pl	ates	500 Ma	400 Ma
M2	Final plate		5200-5400V	3500-3700V
M3	Final grid		50-60 Ma	40-50 Ma
M4	Final screen		350-450 Ma	250-350 Ma
M5	Final plate		2.85-3.0 A.	2.1-2.25 A.
M6	R.F. Output		14.55 A.	10.3 A.
M7	A.F. amplifi		20-24 Ma	18-22 Ma
M8	AC Mains		235/235/235 V.	235/235/235 V.
M9	Modulator #1		250 Ma	200 Ma
MlO	Modulator #2		250 Ma	200 Ma
Mll	Filament	"RF Drvr" "Mod. #1" "Mod. #2" "Final"	6.1 to 6.3V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 6.1 to 6.3V	6.1 to 6.3V 7.2 to 7.5V 7.2 to 7.5V 6.1 to 6.3V
M12	LV Rectifier	-	800 to 900V	800 to 900V
M13	Driver Plate	2	125-175 _{Ma}	90-110 Ma
M14	Driver grid		2-3 Ma	1-2 Ma
M15	Buffer plate	2	10-20 Ma	10-15 Ma
M16	Osc. plate		2-3 Ma	2-3 Ma

 Subtract "final screen" indication of M4 for net plate current.

** With modulator plate voltage applied.

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CONTROL RELAY CIRCUIT FUNCTIONS

BAUER TYPE FB-5V/10J

K-1 Auxiliary external control, optional.

K-2 Signal holding; locks up and causes signal lamps to remain thru illuminated upon being activated by associated overload K-7 relay.

- K-8 Power change pilot control. One set contacts opens coil circuit of HV power supply primary breaker K-37. Second set contacts energizes coil of control relay K-9 thru RC delay network.*
- K-9 Power change control. One set contacts controls audio input level. Second set contacts controls bias resistor in cathode of RF driver and energizes coils of HV transfer relay K-38 and control relay K-10 thru RC delay network.*
- K-10 Power change control. Recloses circuit to coil of primary breaker K-37 after operation of K-8, K-9 and K-38, and thereby reapplies final and modulator plate voltage. Total carrier interruption approximately one second.

K-11 Filament control. These relays, upon being alternately enerand gized from panel switch SW1, control direction of rotation of K-12 R-81 filament rheostat motor and thereby raising or lowering filament voltage on final and modulator tubes.

- K-13 Output power trim control. Function similar to K-11/K-12 and except controls rotation of variable capacitor in output net-K-14 work to adjust transmitter power output through a limited range.
- K-15 Bias rectifer "no voltage" prevents operation of HV plate control relay K26 until modulator bias is established.
- K-16 RF arc overload control. Prevents RF follow-up into arc to ground in output circuits due to lightning or apparatus failure.
- K-17 AC overload signaling, pulsed by momentary opening of K35 or K36 which in turn locks up K2 and illuminates associated lamp.
- K-18 Modulator screen protective. Prevents flow of screen current under grid exitation in absence of plate voltage.
- K-19 RF final grid "no current" prevents application of final and modulator plate voltage in the absence of sufficient RF grid drive by holding K26 plate control relay open.
- K-20 Overload latching. Holds open coil circuit of main HV breaker K37 after momentary interruption of this circuit by operation of K16, K31, K32, K33, K34, K35, or K36. Normally closed contacts of these relays complete circuit to K37 coil and normally short-circuit trip coil of K20. Momentary opening of any of above overload relay contacts places full line voltage across high impedance trip coil of K20 thru low impedance coil of breaker K37.

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^{*} RC networks delay relay operation on both pickup and release.

- K-21 Overload recycling. Automatically reapplies plate voltage in case of overload in any one of seven circuits thru the action of K-20 latching relay. After the transmitter has been in normal operation about 30 seconds, C-56 will be charged by the bias rectifier thru resistor R88. If K20 trip coil is now momentarily pulsed by the opening of any overload relay in series with the coil of K37 magnetic breaker, C-56 will be partially discharged thru the coil of K21 which in turn will reset K-20. If the overload is not cleared this action will be repeated until C-56 is nearly discharged. The number of cycles and the rate at which they occur is determined by the selection of C-55 and R89.
- K-22 N/A

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- K-23 N/A
- K-24 Master start. Operated by panel switch SW-3 or by remote control.
- K-25 HV plate control and K-20 latching reset. Coil energized by depressing HV "ON" SP-2 on front panel or by remote control. Left normally open contact resets K20 if tripped. Right normally open energizes coil of K-26. Left normally closed contact opens main breaker K-37 coil supply circuit from K-29 and prevents energizing HV rectifier until "ON" button is released.
- K-26 HV plate control. Locks up thru SP1 "OFF" control on application of pulse from K25 provided K15 and K19 have closed.
- K-27 N/A
- K-28 Blower motor control. Starts blower upon closing of K-24 master start. After closing of override thermostat by heated air stream from modulator tube, K-28 will remain closed after transmitter is shut down until air stream cools to approximately 105°F.
- K-29 Modulator and final tube filament supply and plate control. Controlled by air switch and over-temperature thermostat.
- K-30 N/A
- K-31 Modulator screen protective against excessive exitation especially at high audio frequencies and against any substantial reduction or removal of plate loading.
- K-32 Modulator overcurrent in cathode circuit to protect against excessive drive, bias failure or increase in output loading due to equipment failure. 1/4 second delay prevents operation on momentary overmodulation.
- K-33 Final plate overcurrent in cathode circuit. Protects against apparatus failure, excessive output loading due to plate detuning or exitation failure. 1/4 second time delay prevents operation on starting pulse.

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- K-34 Main HV rectifier output DC overcurrent. Protects against apparatus failure, accidental mal-functions or arcs to ground.
- K-35 Main rectifier primary AC overcurrent. Operation delayed to permit passage of nominal T-10 HV primary magnetizing current without tripping.
- K-36 Same as K-35.

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- K-37 HV primary main breaker. Normally open auxiliary contacts control K-18 and signal pilot PL-1.
- K-38 HV rectifier output transfer relay. Switches plate supply to final RF amplifier from 5200V source to half-wave tap of 2600V and vice versa.

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FB-5V/10J

PARTS LIST - RESISTORS

Symbol	Function	Manufacturer	& Desci	iption
Rl	Oscillator grid	47K, 1/2	W,	carbon
R2	Oscillator cathode	1 K, 1/2	W,	carbon
R3	Oscillator screen	18K, 1/2	W,	carbon
R4	Oscillator #1 plate		W,	carbon
R5	Oscillator #2 plate		W,	carbon
R6	Oscillator #1 decoupling		W,	carbon
R7	Oscillator #2 decoupling		W,	carbon
R8	N/A			
R9	First RF amplifier grid	2.2K, 1	W,	carbon
R9 R10	First Rf amplifier cathode			carbon
	First RF amplifier screen			carbon
R11	First RF amplifier plate	1 2 2 2 3 1		carbon
R12			W,	carbon
R13	Second amplifier grid		W,	carbon
Rl4	Second amplifier freq. mon. termination			
R15	Second amplifier cathode		W,	carbon
R16	Second amplifier screen		W,	carbon
R17	RF driver grid suppressor	10 ohms, 2	W,	carbon
R18	RF driver grid loading	15 K 2	W,	carbon
R19	RF driver cathode, 5/1 KW*	Ohmite #1740	1.5K	low
R20	RF driver screen series	Ohmite #1541,	ЗK,	5W
R21	Final grid bias	Ohmite #0413	8K	5 O W
R22	Final screen suppressor	Ohmite #2004,	50	ohms, 50W
R23	Final plate remote I	Ohmite #0560,	5	
R24	Final cathode OL relay shunt	Ohmite #0362,	5	ohms, 25W
R25	Final grid relay shunt	Ohmite #1532,		ohms, 5W
R26	Mod. screen OL relay shunt	Ohmite #1720,		ohms, 10W
R27	Mod. cathode OL relay shunt	Ohmite #0362,		ohms, 25W
R27 R28	HV rectifier OL relay shunt	Ohmite #1802A		ohm, 20W
	Bias rectifier NV relay shunt	Ohmite #1526,		ohms, 5W
R29	T-4 filament primary	Ohmite #1012,	100	ohms, 10W
R30	T-5 filament primary	Ohmite #1016,	300	ohms, 10W
R31	T-9 secondary centertap	Ohmite #0560,		and the second
R32	T-9 Secondary centercap	Ohmite #13601		
R33	Final plate series, 5/1 KW **	Ohmite #0906		ohms,225W
R34	Final plate series, 5/1 KW ***	Official and a second	. 230	011110 / 2201
R35	N/A	30К,	W,	carbon,5%
R36	Audio input Tl sec. term.		W,	carbon,5%
R37	Audio input Tl sec. term.	220 onms, 1/		carbon
R38	Audio input grid suppressor	220 ohms, 1/		carbon
R39	Audio input grid suppressor	1300 ohms, 2		carbon
R40	Audio input cathode bias			
R41	Audio input AF balance	Ohmite #CLU-		
R42	Audio input screen bleeder	Ohmite #1769		
R43	Audio input screen series	Ohmite #1771,		
R44	Audio input plate coupling	Ohmite #4864		
R45	Audio input plate coupling	Ohmite #4864	, 25K,	100

N/A: Not Assigned
* Ohmite #1745, 3K, 10W for 500 watt cutback.
** Ohmite #1361, 500 ohms, 225 watts for 500 watt cutback.
** Ohmite #0907, 500 ohms, 225 watts for 500 watt cutback 3 in series.

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PARTS LIST FB-5V/10J (Continued)

Symbol	Function	Manufacturer &	Descriptio	
R46	Mod. #1 grid coupling	180K, (2 in parallel)	2W, carbo	on
R47	Mod. #2 grid coupling	180K, (2 in parallel)	2W, carbo	on
		560 ohms,	2W, carbo	on
R48	Mod. #1 grid suppressor	560 ohms,	2W, carbo	
R49	Mod. #2 grid suppressor	10 ohms,	2W, carbo	
R50	Mod. #1 screen suppressor		2W, carb	
R51	Mod. #2 screen suppressor	10 ohms,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OW
R52	Osc. plate supply series	Ohmite #0409,		OW
R532	Osc. plate supply series	Ohmite #0409,		
R54	Osc. plate supply bleeder	Ohmite #0578,	5K, 5	UW
R55	R.F. driver plate supply	Ohmite #0574,	2K, 5	OW
R56	Bias rect. input filter			
	section	Ohmite #0409,	3К, 5	OW
R57	Bias rect. output filter	Ohmite #0409,	3K, 5	WO
	section		and a second sec	5W
R58	Mod. bias control	Ohmite #0158,		OW
R59	Mod. bias bleeder	Ohmite #0574,		
R60	Mod. plate balance	Ohmite #CCU-10	31, IUK, du	ar
R61	Mod. plate balance shunt	1.5K,	2W, Carb	on
R62	Mod. plate balance bleeder	Ohmite #1755,		OW
R63	LV voltmeter multiplier	2 Meg., 2W,	carbon	5% (
R64	Final screen control	Ohmite #1271,	2.5K, 22	5W
	Final screen bleeder	Ohmite #0915,	7.5K, 20	WO
R65	Final screen series	Ohmite #0912,	2.5K, 20	WO
R66		Ohmite #0911,		WO
R67	Final screen series	Ohmite #0911,		WO
R68	Final screen series	Ohmite #0912,	2.58. 20	WO
R69	,Final screen series	OIMALLE #05127	2001.7 20	
R70	N/A	01-11- #0COOD	10 ohme	1000
R71	HV rectifier condenser charging	Ohmite #0600B, Ohmite #0600B,	10 ohme	1000
R72	HV rectifier condenser charging			
R73	HV voltmeter multiplier	Dale DC-5,		
R74	HV voltmeter multiplier	Dale DC-5,	5 meg.,	
R75	HV remote multiplier	Dale DC-5,	5 meg.,	
R76	HV remote multiplier	Dale DC-5,	4 meg.,	
R70 R77	HV remote protective shunt	lok,	2W, cark	
R78	Pilot PLl protective	lOK,	1W, carb	
	Pilot PL2 protective	10K,	1W, carb	oon
R79	Relay supply rectifier bleeder	Ohmite #1810,		
R80	Mod. & final fil. rheostat	Ohmite #0652,	3 ohms,	
R81		Ohmite #0560,	5 ohms,	
R82	Final filament trim	Ohmite #0560,	5 ohms,	
R83	Mod. #1 filament trim			
R84	Mod. #2 filament trim	Ohmite #0560,	J UIIIIS,	5000
R85	Remote fil. metering protective	Ohmite #1502,	3 ohms,	5W
R86	Remote fil. metering			
2012	protective	Ohmite #1502,		
R87	LV rectifier surge suppressor	Ohmite #1836,	5K,	200
R88	Recycle C56 charge limiting	120K,	2W, ca:	
R89	Recycle C56 discharge limiting	15K,	2W, ca:	
NO 9	Hum control supply	Ohmite #1700A	1/2 chm	1 OTAT

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PARTS LIST FB-5V/10J (Continued)

Symbol	Function	Manufacturer & De	scription
R91 R92 R93	Hum control potentiometer Inverse feedback coupling Inverse feedback coupling	Ohmite CLU-5001, 30K, 1W, 30K, 1W,	50 ohms carbon, 5% carbon, 5%
R94	Inverse feedback condenser shunts	3.9 meg., 2W,	carbon, 5% (6)
R95	Inverse feedback condenser shunts	3.9 meg., 2W,	carbon, 5% (6) carbon
R96	AF input terminating	560 ohms, 2W,	carbon
R97	AF input terminating 5/1 KW	82 ohms, 1W,	500 ohms
R98	AF input control, 5/1 KW	Ohmite CLU-5011,	300 Officia
R99 R100 R101	N/A K9 delay R/C, 5/l KW Kl0 delay R/C, 5/l KW	Ohmite #1517, Ohmite #1517,	125 ohms 8W 125 Ohms 8W

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PARTS LIST - CONDENSERS

	Symbol	Function	Manufacturer & Description
4	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7	Oscillator freq. trimmer Oscillator grid coupling Oscillator cathode coupling Oscillator screen bypass Oscillator plate bypass Oscillator plate blocking N/A	EF Johnson, 193-10-1 RMC 22NPO, 22pf. Sangamo, D153E510GO RMC, Z5U, .005 mfd, 600V RMC, Z5U, .005 mfd, 600V RMC, Z5U, .001 mfd, 600V
	C8 C9	N/A First RF amplifier cathode	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
	C10	bypass First RF amplifier screen	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
	C11	bypass First RF amplifier plate	
	C12	bypass First RF amplifier plate	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
	C13	blocking Second RF amplifier,	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
		grid bypass Second RF amplifier cathode	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
	C14	bypass	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
	C15	Second RF amplifier screen bypass	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
	C16	Second RF amplifier plate bypass	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV
×	C17	Second RF amplifier plate blocking	CRL, DD30-272, .0027 mfd, 3 KV
	C18 C19 C20 C21 C22 C23 C24 C25 C26 C27	N/A RF driver grid RFC bypass RF driver cathode bypass RF driver screen bypass RF driver plate blocking RF driver plate tuning RF driver output loading RF driver plate RFC bypass Final grid RFC bypass N/A	CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV CRL, DD-752, .007 mfd, 1KV(2) CRL, DD-30 .0027 mfd, 3KV Sangamo F2, .0008 mfd, 5KV Sangamo F2, as required. Sangamo F2, as required. CRL, DD30-272, .0027 mfd, 3KV CRL, DD30-272, .0027 mfd, 3KV
	C28 C29 C30 C31 C32 C33 C34 C35 C36	N/A Final filament RF bypass Final filament RF bypass Final filament AF bypass Final screen bypass Final plate RFC bypass Final plate blocking Final tank tuning Final Tank tuning	CRL, DF-104, .1 mfd, 600V (2) CRL, DF-104, .1 mfd, 600V (2) Mallory HC-5005A,500 mfd, 50VDC CRL, 585S-1000,1000 pf, 5KV Sprague 30DK-T5, 500 pf,30KV Sangamo 292, .001 mfd, 10KV Jennings vacuum variable UCS-500, 15KV Jennings vacuum fixed
	C37	Final tank output loading	JCS, 15 KV, as required. Sangamo type 291/292 as required.
	C38	Final tank output loading	Sangamo type 291/292 if required.
	C39	Final tank output loading, trim	E.F. Johnson #152-2, 7KV, or 152-17, 4.5 KV as required.
	C40	Output T network shunt	Sangamo type 291 or 292, as required.

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PARTS LIST - CONDENSERS (Continued)

Symbol	Function	Manufacturer & Description
C41 C42 C43	Output T network shunt Harmonic trap tuning, 2F Harmonic trap tuning, 3F	Sangamo type 291/292,if required Sangamo 272/291, as required. SangamoF2/272, as required.
C44	Final output protective DC blocking	Sangamo Type 273, .1 mfd. 2KV
C45	Output protective RFC bypass	CRL DD-30-272, .0027 mfd, 3KV (2)
C45	AF amplifier screen bypass	Sprague BP-506, .5 mfd, 600V
C40 C47	AF amplifier plate blocking	Sangamo SBB, .1 Mid, IKV
C47 C48	AF amplifier plate blocking	Sangamo SBB, .1 mfd, 1KV
C40 C49	N/A	
C50	LV rectifier surge suppressor	Sprague BP-251 .25 mfd, 1KV
C50 C51	LV rectifier filter	Sangamo 6801, 12 mfd 1.5KV
C51 C52	Bias rectifier filter, input	Sangamo 3001, 10 mfd, 600V
C52	Bias rectifier filter, output	Sangamo 3001, 10 mfd, 600V
C54	Oscillator supply filter	Sangamo 5006, 2 mfd, 600V
C54	OL recycle RC delay	Sangamo MT-2516, 16 mfd,250 V
C56	OL recycle supply	Sangamo 505-1057-02,50 mfd,250V
C57	Final screen filter	Sangamo 5701, 4 mfd, 2.5KV
	Main HV rectifier filter	Sangamo 9102, 8 mfd, 4KV
C58	Main HV rectifier filter	Sangamo 9102, 8 mfd, 4KV
C59	Modulation transformer	
C60	secondary blocking	Sangamo 9003, 2 mfd, 7.5KV
261	24V DC relay rectifier filter	Mallory HC-5005A,500 mfd, 50VDC
C61	K9 delay R/C , $5/1$ KW	Sangamo #500-1963-01, 1500 MFD, 50VDC
C62	K10 delay R/C, 5/1 KW	Sangamo #500-1963-01, 1500 MFD,50VDC
C63	N/A	
C64	Modulator inverse feedback	Gudeman #356C563J, .056 mfd, 200V
C65		
	coupling Modulator inverse feedback	Gudeman #356C563J, .056 mfd, 200V
C66		
267	coupling Modulator inverse feedback	
C67	series	Sangamo #A2-AT .00047mfd,2500V (6)
000	Modulator inverse feedback	
C68	series	Sangamo #A2-AT .00047mfd,2500V (6)

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PARTS LIST - RELAYS

	Symbol	Function	Manufacturer & Description
	Synbor		
_	Kl	Auxiliary control, optional	Signal #25AA024
	K2/K7	Overload signal holding	Signal #20BA025
	K8	HV rectifier prim. 5/1 pilot	Signal #22AP024
	K9	Audio input level and driver	
	it's	cathode bias control, 5/1 KW	Signal #22AP012
	K10	HV rectifier prim. 5/1 KW	
	N±0	control	Signal #22AP012
	213/112	Filament rheostat control	Signal #20BA025
	x13/x12	Final screen control	Signal #20BA025
-	K15/K14	Bias rectifier n/v control	Signal #25AA024
	K16	RF output overload control	Signal #25AA024
	K10 K17	AC primary overload pilot	Signal #25AA115
	K18	Modulator screen protective	Signal #25AA230
	K10 K19	Final grid n/v control	Signal #20BA025
	K19 K20	Overload latching	Signal #25BL230
	- K21	Automatic overload reset	Signal #20BA100
-		N/A	
	K22	N/A	
	K23	Master start control	Leach #1257, 24V DC
-	K24	Plate control and reset	Leach #1257, 24V DC
	K25	Plate control and locking	Leach #1257, 24V DC
	K26		
	K27	N/A Blower motor control	Signal #25PD230
	K28	Final and modulator filament	Allen Bradley #700-C400A2-B
-	K29		
	K30	N/A Modulator screen overload	Heinemann #BN1-522-XBX, 12 VDC
	K31	Modulator plate overload	Heinemann #BN4-522-XBX, 12 VAC
200	К32	Modulator place overload	Heinemann #BN4-522-XBX, 6 VAC
	K33	Final plate overload Main HV rectifier overload	Heinemann #BN4-522-XBX, 6 VAC
	K34	Main HV rectifier overload	Heinemann #CT1-617-XXA,
-	К35	HV rectifier primary overload	40 amps.
	K36	Same as K35.	
	K37	HV rectifier primary main	
		breaker	Allen Bradley #702-DAA93K,
			90 amps.
	к38	HV switching, 5/1 KW	Kilovac HVS-1
		and a province of a second second	

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PARTS LIST - INDUCTANCES

Symbol	Function	Manufacturer & Description
L1	Oscillator cathode RFC	Miller 4652, 1 mh
L2	Oscillator plate RFC	Miller 6302, 2.5 mh
LZ L3	First amp. plate RFC	Miller 6302, 2.5 mh
L3 L4	N/A	weeken state .
	Second amp. plate tuning	Miller 43A-CBl
L5	RF driver grid RFC	Miller 6302, 2.5 mh
L6	RF driver plate tuning	E.F. Johnson #229-203
L7	RF driver plate tuning	Illumitronic #2408-T
L8	RF driver plate tuning	Miller #4536
L9	RF driver plate RFC	Miller #4536
L10	Final amp. grid RFC	E.F. Johnson #101-7
Lll	Final amp. plate RFC	E.F. Johnson $#200-318-(308)-(302)$
L12	Final amp. plate tuning	
L13	Final output T network	E.F. Johnson #200-107
L14	Final output T network	E.F. Johnson #200-107
L15	Final harmonic filter tuning	E.F. Johnson #229-203
L16	Final harmonic filter tuning	
		E.F. Johnson #229-202
L17	RF output arc protection RFC	Miller #4536.
L18	Modulator output RFC	Miller D-7826.
L19	LV rectifier filter choke	UTC, CG-102
L20	N/A	
L21	Final amp. screen modulation	Electro, E-15883
L22	Final amp. plate modulation	Electro, E-10568
L23	24V DC relay rectifier filter	Hill #3568
	TRANSFORME	RS
m 1		
	Audio input	UTC, LS-26
T1 T2	Audio input Modulator output	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203
T2 T3	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B
T2 T3 T4	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil.	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35
T2 T3 T4 T5	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B
T2 T3 T4 T5	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u>	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply SWITCHES Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW8	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 12TS1-8 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, PS-112. Allen Bradley, 600TAX5
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW8	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control Line control, safety	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 12TS1-8 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, PS-112. Allen Bradley, 600TAX5 Cutler-Hammer 4143H441, 30 amp
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW8 SW9	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control Line control, safety Line control, safety	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW8 SW9 SW10	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control Line control, safety	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 12TS1-8 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, PS-112. Allen Bradley, 600TAX5 Cutler-Hammer 4143H441, 30 amp Cutler-Hammer 4143H442, 60 amp
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW6 SW7 SW8 SW9 SW10 SW11	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control Line control, safety HV link test switch Air flow switch	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW8 SW7 SW8 SW9 SW10 SW11 SW12 SW13	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control Line control, safety HV link test switch	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 12TS1-8 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, PS-112. Allen Bradley, 600TAX5 Cutler-Hammer 4143H441, 30 amp Cutler-Hammer 4143H442, 60 amp
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW8 SW7 SW8 SW9 SW10 SW11 SW12 SW13 SP-1	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control Line control, safety HV link test switch Air flow switch HV control "OFF"	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 12TS1-8 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, PS-112. Allen Bradley, 600TAX5 Cutler-Hammer 4143H441, 30 amp Cutler-Hammer 4143H442, 60 amp
T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7 T8 T9 T10 SW1 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW4 SW5 SW6 SW7 SW8 SW7 SW8 SW9 SW10 SW11 SW12 SW13	Audio input Modulator output 24V DC relay rectifier Osc.& Audio amplifier fil. RF driver filaments LV plate and modulator bias supply Modulator #1 filament Modulator #2 filament Final amplifier filament Main rectifier power supply <u>SWITCHES</u> Filament voltage trim Power output trim Main start Power change, 5/1 KW Final screen voltage AC line selector Filament voltage selector Oscillator selector switch Blower motor thermal control Line control, safety HV link test switch Air flow switch	UTC, LS-26 Electro, E-15203 Hill, 1556-B UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-35 UTC, CG-302-W Hill, HMP-2305-A Hill, HMP-2305-A Electro, 15082 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-7 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 11TS1-2 "Micro" 12TS1-8 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, 2543 CRL, PS-112. Allen Bradley, 600TAX5 Cutler-Hammer 4143H441, 30 amp Cutler-Hammer 4143H442, 60 amp Dietz, 103A "Micro" 71PB1

FB-5V

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Apparatus

Meters, Hoyt #2026 2 Meters, Hoyt #2025. 8 6 Meters, Hoyt #2045. Hour counter, Bristol #ET-1A, #41121. 1 Thermostat, Texas Instrument, #C4344-137, 105°F, NO. 1 Thermostat, Texas Instrument, #C4344-137, 180°F, NC. 1 Parasitic suppressors, Ohmite #P-300. 4 Air sockets, Eimac #SK-300A. 3 Air chimneys, Eimac #SK-306. -3/6 for 15,000 38 Sockets, Octal #77-MIP-8T. Sockets, #9XB with 9S3 shields. 2 Motor, trim, Hurst Type DA, 2 RPM, reversible. Motor, trim, Hurst Type GA, 6 RPM, reversible 1 1 Rectifiers, silicon, Sarkes Tarzian #60-C. 2 Rectifiers, silicon, Solitron, #SPNHV-6, neg. 1 Rectifiers, silicon, Solitron, #SPCHV-6, pos. 1 Oscillators, International type OS-3. 2 Crystals, Northern Engineering, type T-12A. 2 Blower, Rotron Centrimax, CXH33A-3G, KS-4504, 4505 or equiv. 1 Air Filter, Goodyear type HD, 16" x 20" x 1". 1 Fuse posts, Littlefuse #344250. 7 Fuse posts, Littlefuse #344125. 1 Fuse posts, Littlefuse #344024. 2 Pilot lamp holders, E.F.J. #147-1142. 9 Pilot lamp holders, E.F.J. #147-1153. 4 Pilot lamps, G.E. #1819, incandescent. 9 Pilot lamps, G.E. #NE51H, gas. 4 Counter dials, E. F. Johnson #116-208-4. 2

Hardware

1	Shaft lock, Millen #10063.
2	Shaft coupling, E. F. Johnson #104-251-3
2	Shaft coupling, H.H. Smith #164.
2	Shaft coupling, National #TX-22.
3	Right angle drive, National type RAD.
3	Thumbscrews, H.H. Smith #2368.
1	Thumbscrews, captive, H.H. Smith #2375-A.
4	Flex-bolts, blower mount, Lord #J-4624-17.
5	Knobs, Ohmite #5150.
1	Knobs, Ohmite #5104.

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FB-5V

MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

Terminals

Terminal strip, Cinch Jones #3-170. 5

1 1 1	Terminal Terminal Terminal	strip, strip, strip, strip, strip, strip,	Cinch Cinch Cinch Cinch Cinch Cinch Cinch	Jones Jones Jones Jones Jones Jones Jones	#7-170. #7-140. #10-140-Y. #12-140-Y. #2-542. #6-542. #MSX 26-542.
1	Terminal Terminal	strip,	Cinch	Jones	#3-140-Y.

Connectors

Insulated jacks, E. F. Johnson #108-903. 3 Plugs, E. F. Johnson #108-753. 3 Coil Clips, E. F. Johnson #235-807 or 235-804. Coil Clips, E. F. Johnson #235-808. Coil clips, Illunitronic Type "A". 4 2 2

Plate connector, National #GG-24-2. 1 Plate connector, Littlefuse #129002. 3 Resistor Slider connectors, insulated, Ohmite #2165. Terminal inserts, bifurcated, Litton 1310-D. 4 14 Terminal connectors, Cinch Jones #542-J.

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Fuses

F1	Littlefuse	type	3AG	5	amps.
F2	Littlefuse		3AG	5	amps.
F3	Littlefuse		3AG-SB	1/4	amps.
F4	Littlefuse		3AG	1/2	amps.
F5	Littlefuse		3AG	1/2	amps.
F6	Littlefuse	type	3AG	2	amps.
F7	Littlefuse	type	3AG-SB	2	amps.
F8	Littlefuse	type	3AG	1/4	amps.
F9	Littlefuse	type	3AG	1/4	amps.
F10	Littlefuse		ЗАG	2	amps

PARTS LIST MODIFICATION FOR FB-10J

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1	PARTS LIST MODI FOR FB-1	
	Resistor	S
R21 R23 R24 R25 R27 R28 R36 R37 R40 R52 R53 R55 R56 R57 R64 R65 R66 R67 R68 R67 R68 R69 R69 R81 R82	Final grid bias Final plate remote I Final cathode OL relay shunt Final grid relay shunt Mod. cathode OL relay shunt HV rectifier OL relay shunt Audio input Tl secondary ter. Audio input Tl secondary ter. Audio input cathode bias Osc. plate supply series Osc. plate supply series RF driver plate supply Bias rectifier filter, input Bias rectifier filter, output Final screen control Final screen series Final screen series	Ohmite #0965, 10 K, 100WOhmite #0560C, 3 ohms, 50WOhmite #0360B, 2 ohms, 25WOhmite #1526, 500 ohms, 5WOhmite #1526, 500 ohms, 5WOhmite #0361, 3 ohms, 25WOhmite #1800A, .5 ohms, 20WOhmite 39K, 1 W, carbon 5%Ohmite 39K, 1 W, carbon 5%Ohmite, carbon 1500 ohms, 2WOhmite #0410, 4 K, 50WOhmite #0410, 4 K, 50WOhmite #047, 2 K, 50WOhmite #0407, 2 K, 50WOhmite #0407, 2 K, 50WOhmite #0407, 2 K, 200WOhmite #0915, 7.5 K, 200WOhmite #0909, 1000 ohms, 200WOhmite #0908, 750 ohms, 200WOhmite #0908, 750 ohms, 200WOhmite #0909, 1000 ohms, 200WOhmite #0909, 1000 ohms, 200W
•	Condense	ers
C34 C60	Final plate blocking Mod. transformer secondary blocking	Sangamo #292, .002 mfd, 10KV Sangamo #9003, 2 mfd, 7.5KV Two in parallel
0	Inductanc	ces
L13 L14 L22	Final output T network Final output T network Final amplifier plate modulation	E. F. Johnson #200-205. E. F. Johnson #200-205. Electro #E-15204
<u>``</u>	Transform	ners
T-1 T-2 T-9 T-10 K35/3	Audio input Modulator output Final amplifier filament Power supply	UTC #LS-12X Electro #E-15119 Hill #HMP-1555 Electro #E-15084
~	Relays	<u>i</u>
	6 HV rectifier primary overload	Heinemann #CT1-617-XXA, 70 amps, Spec. Cat. #C-443-1
× .	Miscellane	
SW-11	Final air chimney Blower Increased range meters	Eimac #SK-316 ILG type B12, 3400 RPM, CCW or equiv. M1, M4, M5, M6, M9, M10
<u> </u>	Switche	<u>es</u>
SW-11	Switch, line	Cutler-Hammer #4143H443, 100 amps.
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FB-5V/10J

CABLE TABULATION

2 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 7 1 3 1 3 1 9 1 10	<pre>K31 coil with #2 to L19. K31 coil with #1 to R26. K31 coil with #4 to R26. K31 coil with #3 to K18 NOC. K31 NCB to K32 NCC K31 NOB to K3 Sig. K31 NOC to ground. K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground. K32 coil to ground. K32 coil with #12 to M1 Neg.</pre>	
2 1 3 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 7 1 3 1 3 1 9 1 10	K31 coil with #4 to R26. K31 coil with #3 to K18 NOC. K31 NCB to K32 NCC K31 NOB to K3 Sig. K31 NOC to ground. K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
3 I 5 I 7 I 3 I 0 I	K31 coil with #4 to R26. K31 coil with #3 to K18 NOC. K31 NCB to K32 NCC K31 NOB to K3 Sig. K31 NOC to ground. K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
1 1 5 1 7 1 3 1 9 1	K31 coil with #3 to K18 NOC. K31 NCB to K32 NCC K31 NOB to K3 Sig. K31 NOC to ground. K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
5 1 5 1 7 1 3 1 9 1	K31 NCB to K32 NCC K31 NOB to K3 Sig. K31 NOC to ground. K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
5 1 7 1 3 1 9 1	K31 NOB to K3 Sig. K31 NOC to ground. K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
7 1 3 1 9 1	K31 NOC to ground. K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
3 1) 1	K31 NCC to K16 NCC. K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
	K32 NOB to ground. K32 coil to ground.	
0	K32 coil to ground.	
11 3	KAU COLL WITH #12 TO MI NEY.	
12	K32 coil with #11 to R27.	
13	K32 NCB to K33 NCB.	
	K32 NOC to K4 Sig.	
	R27 to ground.	
15 16	K33 coil with #17 to R24.	
	K33 coil with #16 to M5 Neg.	
	K33 coil with #19 to R23.	
18 19	K33 coil with #18 to R24.	
	K33 NOB to K5 Sig.	
	K33 NOC to ground.	
	K33 NCC to K34 NCC.	
	N/A	
	N/A K24 coil to ground.	
25	K24 coil to ground. K24 coil with #27, 28 to K25 NOC with #44.	
26	K24 coil with #26, 28 to SW3.	
	K24 coil with #26, 27 to Ter. #11.	
	K24 NOB to F2 Load.	
	K24 NOB to Fl Load.	
34		
35	K25 Coil to ground.	
36	K25 coil with #37 to SP2 "ON".	
37	K25 coil with #36 to Ter. 13. K25 NOB to K26 coil with #46.	
38	K25 NOB to K26 coil with #46. K25 NCB with #40 to K29 load NOC #4.	
39	K25 NCB with #39 to K21 NOC.	
40	K25 NCB WILLI #35 CO K21 LOOP	
NOTES:	M/C: Movable Contact	
	NOC: Normally Open Contact	
	NCC: Normally Closed Contact	
	NOB: Normally Open Bar NCB: Normally Closed Bar	
	CT: Center Tap	
	N/A: Not Assigned	

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FB-5V CABLE TABULATION

(Continued)

	Description
K25	NOC with #42 to K20 Reset Coil.
K25	NOC with #41 to K21 NOB.
K25	NCC to K26 NOC.
	NOC with #26 to K16 Coil.
	Coil to K15 NOC.
	Coil with #38 to K26 NOB.
	NOB to K20 NCB.
	NOC to SP1 "OFF".
N/A	
N/A	
K15	coil with 52 & R29 to K15 NCB.
K15	coil with 51 & \$29 to ground.
¥15	coil with R29 to R59 bias rectifier.
	NOB to K19 NOC.
	NCC to PL5.
	coil to RFC L17.
	NOB to ground.
KI0 VI6	NCB with 59 to Ter. #4.
NIC NIC	NCB with 58 to K17 coil.
	NOC to K7 Signal.
KI0	coil to K20 trip coil with #97.
	NOB to ground.
	NOC to K2 Sig.
	coil to Ter. #6.
	NOC to Mod. screens.
N/A	
N/A	
	coil to SW1.
KII	coil to ground.
KII	NOB with #71 to F8 Load.
KII	NOB with #70 to K12 NOB with #75.
	NOC to fil. trim motor. (yellow)
	coil to SW1.
K12	coil to ground.
K12	NOB with #71 to K13 NOB with #83.
	NOC to fil. trim motor. (white)
	coil with R25 to final R21.
	coil with R25 to M3.
	NCB to ground.
	NCC to PL4.
	coil to SW2.
	coil to ground.
K13	NOB with #75 to K14 NOB.
K13	NOC to power trim motor. (yellow)
Kl4	coil to SW2.
K14	coil to ground.
K14	NOC to power trim motor. (white)
N/A	
N/A	and a second second was a second s
	Neg. with #91 to K21 coil.

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FB-5V CABLE TABULATION (Continued)

re o.	Description	
	C55 Neg. with #90 to K20 NOC.	
	C55 Pos. to ground.	
	R89 to C56 Neg.	
	R89 to K20 NCB.	
	R88 to R58 M/C.	
	R88 to K20 NCC.	
	K20 Trip Coil with #61 to Ter. #5.	
	K20 Trip Coil with #99 to K34 NCC.	
	K20 Trip Coil with #98 to K20 NCC.	
	K20 NOC to PL6.	
	C56 Pos. to ground.	
	K21 Coil to ground.	
	RF driver screen to R20.	
	L21 choke to R22 (20KV wire).	
	C57 to L21 ($w/\#111$).	
;	C57 to ground	
	Ml Pos. to M9/M10 Neg.	
	M2 Neg. to ground.	
3	M2 Pos. to R74 multiplier.	
	M3 Pos. to M5 Pos.	
	M4 Neg. to L21.	
	M4 Pos. to R64 M/C with #286.	
	M5 Pos. to R32 M/C .	
	M6 Neg. to auxiliary terminal #34.	
	M6 Pos. to auxiliary terminal #33.	
	M7 Pos. to R41 M/C.	
	M7 Neg. to AF Chassis #3.	
	M8 AC to SW6 M/C "a".	
	M8 AC to SW6 M/C "b".	
r i	M9 Pos. to T7 CT.	
0	M9 Neg. to M10 Neg.	
	M10 Pos. to T8 CT.	
	M11 AC to SW7 M/C "a".	
	M11 AC to SW7 M/C "b".	
5	M12 Pos. to R63 multiplier.	
5	M12 Neg. to ground.	
7	M13 Pos. to	
	M13 Neg. to RFC L9/C25.	
)	M14 Pos. to R59 M/C .	
)	M14 Neg. to L6/C19.	
1	M15 Pos. to R52.	
2	M15 Pos. to Osc. #5.	
3	M15 Neg. to Osc. $#6$.	
4	M16 Pos. to R54 M/C.	
5	M16 Neg.to Osc. #4.	
36	NA. SW5 bar to R63 mul.	
7		
8	N/A	
9	N/A Fl load to K28 Coil.	
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FB-5V CABLE TABULATION (Continued)

Description
Fl load to T3 prim. "#1".
Fl line to Ter. #1.
Fl line to SW6, "a-3".
F2 load to thermostat TH2 blower override.
F2 line to Ter. #3.
F2 line to SW6, "a-2".
F3 load to T3 prim. "#4".
F3 line to SW-6 meter switch with #190 (phase #2).
N/A
F4 load to T4 primary (R30) "#6".
F4 line to PL7 lamp.
F4 line to F5 line.
F5 load to T5 prim. "#6", (R31).
F5 line to door switch SD1.
F5 line to K28 coil.
F6 load to T6 prim. "#5". (10J/F6 to #6).
F6 load to PL2 lamp.
F6 line to door switch SD4.
F6 line to F7 line.
F7 load to K29 NOC "#4".
F8 load to hour counter.
F8 line to T4 primary CT, "#3 & 4".
F9 load to Ter. #19.
F9 load to PL3 lamp.
F9 load to lamp reset SP3.
F9 load to trim switch SW2.
F9 line to C61 positive.
F9 line to F10 line.
F10 load to Ter. #10.
F10 load to start switch SW3.
N/A
R60 dual pot. to R58 M/C.
N/A
N/A
SW1 trim switch NOC to Ter. #17.
SW1 trim switch NOC to Ter. #18.
SW1 trim switch NOB to SW2 NOB.
SW2 trim switch NOC to Ter. #15.
SW2 trim switch NOC to Ter. #16.
SW3 start switch NOB to PL4 and PL5 lamps.
SW3 start switch NOB to SP 2 NOC.
SW4 power change switch load side with #314 to Ter. #14.
SW4 power change switch lineside to PL5 with #287.
N/A
N/A
SW6 AC meter switch "a-1" to "a-3".
SW6 AC meter switch "a-1" to "b-4".
SW6 AC meter switch "a-2" to "b-3".
SW6 AC meter switch "a-4" to Ter. #4. SW6 AC meter switch "b-1" to "b-2".
CW(AC motor CW) + CD "D=1" TO D=2 .

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FB-5V CABLE TABULATION (Continued)

ire No.	Description
91	SW6 AC Meter Switch "b-1" to K29 #2. (line side w/#243)
92	SW7 fil. meter switch "a-1" to RF driver filament.
93	" " " " "a-2" to #1 mod. fil.
94	" " " " "a-3" to #2 mod. fil.
95	" " " " "a-4" to final fil.
96	" " " " "b-l" to RF driver filament.
97	" " " "b-2" to #1 mod. fil.
98	" " " "b-3" to #2 mod. fil.
9	" " " "b-4" to final fil.
00	" " " M/C to R85.
1	" " " M/C to R86.
2	R85 to Ter. #20.
3	R86 to Ter. #21.
4	Door switch SD1 to SD2.
)5	Door Switch SD2 to SD3.
)6	Door switch SD3 to SD4.
)7	T3 sec. #7 to L23.
8	T4 prim. #6 to R30.
9	T4 prim. #3 to T4 prim. #4.
10	T4 prim. #1 to T6 prim. #1.
11	T4 sec. #7 to osc. fils. #2.
12	T4 sec. #9 to osc. fils. #3.
13	T4 sec. #7 to AF chassis #8.
14	T4 sec. #9 to AF chassis #9.
15	T5 prim. #6 to R31.
16	T5 prim. #3 to T5 prim. #4.
17	T5 prim. #1 to T6 prim. #1.
18	T5 sec. #7 to RF driver fils.
19	T5 sec. #9 to RF driver fils.
20	N/A
21	T6 primary #1 to tie point "B".
22	T6 primary #4 to T6 primary #2 $(10J/4 \text{ to } 3)$ T6 primary #4 to T6 primary #2 $(10J/4 \text{ to } 3)$
23	T6 secondary #8 to rectifier SR2, pos. (10J/#7) T6 secondary #10 to rectifier SR2, pos. (10J/#11)
24	To secondary #10 to rectifier SP1 peg
25	T6 secondary #8 to rectifier SR1, neg.
26	T6 secondary #10 to rectifier SR1, neg.
27	T6 secondary #9 to ground.
28	N/A
29	T7 primary tap to R83. (#16 wire)
30	T8 primary tap to R84. (#16 wire)
31	T9 primary tap to R82. (#14 wire) T7 primary \pm to T8 primary \pm (#16 wire).
32	T7 primary \pm to T8 primary \pm (#16 wire). T8 primary \pm to T9 primary \pm (#14 wire).
33	T8 primary \pm to T9 primary $(#14 \text{ wire})$. T9 primary \pm to R81 rheostat (#14 wire).
34	R81 rheostat to Ter. #32 (#14 wire).
35	R81 rheostat to lef. #32 (#14 wire). R82 resistor to Ter. #30 (#14 wire).
36	R82 resistor to R84 w/ $\#$ 238 ($\#$ 14 wire).
	KA2 TERTETOT TO TOA M/H220 (HTO HAPONA
37	$pop magister to Ter \pm 28 (\pm 14 \text{ Wire})$
37 38 39	R83 resistor to Ter. #28 (#14 wire). Ter. #27 to K29 load "#1", (#14 wire).

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FB-5V CABLE TABULATION (Continued)

Wire Description No. Ter. #31 to K29 load "#3", (#14 wire). Ter. #1 to K29 line "#1", (#14 wire). Ter. #2 to K29 line "#2", (#14 wire). 241 242 243 Ter. #3 to K29 line "#3", (#14 wire). 244 K29 coil to PL7 pilot lamp w/#290. 245 K29 coil to tie point "B". 246 Tie point "B" to PL6. 247 Tie point "B" to power trim motor. 248 Tie point "B" to filament trim motor. 249 Tie point "B" to PL1 and PL2 lamps. 250 R64 power trim rheostat to R66. 251 R64 power trim rheostat to R65. 252 K34 HV overload coil to ground. 253 K34 HV overload coil to HV power supply negative (#14 wire) 254 K34 HV overload coil to R28 shunt w/#254. 255 K34 HV overload NOC to K6 signal. 256 K34 HV overload NOC to ground. 257 R28 shunt to ground. 258 Cabinet Ter. #9 to ground. 259 Cabinet Ter. #24 to ground. 260 PL1 lamp to Ter. #6. 261 PL1 lamp to PL2. 262 PL3 lamp to ground. 263 C31 final AF bypass to ground. 264 C54 filter to ground. 265 R54 to C54 filter with #270. 266 R52 to R54. 267 268 R52 to R53. 269 R53 to R55. R20 to C54 filter with #266. 270 R54 to ground. 271 R55 to C51. 272 R53 to SW5 NCC. 273 R65 to ground. 274 R21 to final grid L10/C26. 275 276 R23 to ground. R23 M/C to Ter. #23. 277 R32 to final filament. 278 R32 to final filament. 279 R32 M/C to C31 positive. 280 R56 to SR1 negative. 281 R56 to C52. 282 R56 to R57. 283 R57 to R58 bias pot. (L) 284 R59 to R58 bias pot. (R) 285 SW5 NOC to final screen R64, M/C, with #112. 286 PL5 to PL4. 287 PL6 to hour counter. 288 PL7 to air switch SW13. 289 PL7 to over-temp thermostat TH1. 290

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FB-5V CABLE TABULATION (Continued)

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SW13	air	switch	to th	ermc	stat	t TH	1.	b a		-	тир	2	
SW13	air	switch	to bl	ower	· ove	erid	eτ	ne	rmc).	1 1 2	•	
AF c	hassi	s frame	to A	F gr	round	1.							
R58	bias	control	MC t	0 65	3.								
R60	dual	bias ba	lance	pot	. t	D AF	ch	as	515	5 #	11.		
R60	dual	bias ba	lance	pot	:. to	D AF	ch	as	515	5 #	12.	2	
R60	dual	bias ba	lance	pot	t. t	ORE	2.						
R62	to gr	ound.		- 1/1	- 117			~	1.		~		
Push	swit	ch SP3	NCLT	0 K	2./ K/	and	51	g.	10	amp	5.		
Push	swit	ch SP1	to le	r. ;	#12.		0						
R76/	R77 H	V multi	plier	to	ler	• # 4	2.		•				
C66/	R93 F	b_eleme	nts t	O R	al d	rour	10.	ц	c				
R41	AF "b	alance"	pot.	το	AF	chas	SIS	5 # 	0.				
R41	AF "b	alance"	pot.	to	AF	chas	5515	5 #	1.				
R91	hum c	ontrol	pot.	to	grou	na.							
R91	hum c	ontrol	pot.	to	R90.	F.C			a k				
R91	hum c	ontrol	M/C t	OK	92/6	50	eed	1Dd	CK	•			
	hassi	s #4 ar	d #5	το	FDI	adde	er.						
N/A			1		- 47	+ 0	DE	dv	+ 11	on	ca	thode.	
5/1	power	contro	I Cha	SSI	5 #1	10	CW	u r	1 1	no	ci	de with #183.	
					# C # 0	20	- WC	† 9 1 +	11	AF	ch	assis #1 and #2	*
		1		п	# 3 # 5	dill	1 #* - #1	+ L 5 +	0	cab	CII	ters. $#26$ and 2	5*
				п	# 5 # 7	a 11			10	ad	ci.	de with #182.	• •
н		U		н		t0	SM.	† 9	IU	nol	av	K38 coil.	
	n	11		ii .	#0	+0	cal	bir		+	ar	#7 (K37 coil).	
		n		11	# 9 # 1	0 +			25	Vi	-ie	point "B".	
			14 1		cid	O U	i + h	#1	83		.ic	porne	
	VR CC	oil to S	W4,	ine	Siu	ew	1	π	05	•			
N/A	nowo	r contro	1 ch	cci	c #9	+0	c 2	h	+0	rm.	ina	1 #8	
	power	contro	on cha	1221	5 10	0 00	ca	υ.	LE	1 m	ina	1 #0.	
N/A		aaund											
		round.											
K90	£ = 1 +	round. er line	cido	+0	SR2	ror	+	nos	;it	ive	a .		
LIS	TIIL(er line	side	+0	SUPC	10 5	unn	rpo.	550	rl	.50		
LIS	f1110	er load	side	+0	AF	has	cic	#	10.				
LIG	filt.	er load	side	to	651	, nu s	515	"					
	to R		siuc		001.								
		round.											
		round.											
		round.											
		round.											
600	nega	tive to	arou	nd.									
661	nega	tive to	123	filt	er.	108	d.						
601	posi	tive to	RSO		,								
001	pusi	cive co	NOU										

Belden "Belfoil" #8451 shielded twisted pair.

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FB-5V/10J CABLE TABULATION

(Continued)

Wire No.	Description
336	K28 motor control relay NOC to Ter. #2. (#16 wire)
337	Plower motor switch SW9 line side to Ter. #1. (#10 Wile)
338	Plower motor switch SW9 line side to K28 NOC.
339	Blower motor switch SW9 load side to motor.
340	Blower motor switch Sw9 load side to motor. ""
341	N/A
	SW12 NOC to R69/R33.
342	SW12 NCB to L22.
343	T2 mod. transformer #1 to modulator #1 plate.
344	T2 mod. transformer #3 to modulator #2 plate.
345	T2 mod. transformer #2 to C58.
346	T2 mod. transformer #2 to SW12 NCC.
347	T2 mod. transformer #4 to L22 with #350.
348	T2 mod. transformer #5 to C60.
349	L22 with 348 to L18.
350	L18 to final plate R.F.C. L11.
351	C60 to R73/R74 voltmeter multiplier.
352	C60 to ground.
353	R71 to R72.
354	C59 to ground. (#10 wire).
355	Tiepoint to R34.
356	cie to nower supply positive 5000 volts.
357	Tiepoint to power supply positive 2500 volts.
358	C58 to R71.
359	C59 to R72.
360	Tiepoint to R71/72.
361	C33 to L11.
362	R33 to R69.
363	KOD LO KOD.

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FB-5V

TRANSFORMER PRIMARY CONNECTIONS FOR

208 VOLT OPERATION

	+	Tap	Join
Т3	#1	#2	
Т4	#1	#5	#2&4
Τ5	#1	#5	#2&4
T6*	# 1	#6	#3&4
Т7	ο ν.	195 V.	
Т8	ο ν.	195 V.	
Т9	ον.	195 V.	
Т10	Move all three	primary link	switches to "208

*Reconnect T6 secondary wires #223 and #224 for "10 KW" operation as shown on print "Fig. 7." If line voltage is less than 208 V., include wires #225 and #226 in above change.

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR FAN MOTORS

CUSTOMER	UNIT
CUSTOMER ORDER	1LG G.O.

A CHECK IN THE APPROPRIATE SQUARE INDICATES THE TYPE OF BEARINGS USED IN THE MOTOR POWERING THIS EQUIPMENT.

SEALED BALL BEARINGS - THE BEARINGS ARE FACTORY PACKED WITH A GENERAL PURPOSE BEARING LUBRI-CANT AND REQUIRE NO FURTHER ATTENTION. THE LIFE OF THE GREASE IS DEPENDENT UPON THE NUMBER OF OPERATING HOURS AND TEMPERATURE. UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS OF OPERATION, (8 HOURS PER DAY, 5 DAYS PER WEEK AND AVERAGE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE OF 80°F), THE EXPECTED GREASE LIFE WILL BE APPROXIMATELY SEVEN YEARS. THE LIFE MAY BE GREATER OR LESS DEPENDING UPON THE ENCLOSURE OF THE MOTOR, RPM, TYPE OF MOUNTING, VARIATION IN AMBIENT TEMPERATURE AND OPERATING DUTY CYCLE. IN TERMS OF HOURS OF OPERATION, EXPECTED LIFE MAY BE STATED AS APPROXIMATELY 30,000 HOURS FOR OPEN MOTORS AND 20,000 HOURS FOR ENCLOSED MOTORS WHEN WORKING IN AN AVERAGE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE OF 80°F.

RELUBRICATABLE BALL BEARINGS - 11g Built Motors

ALL ILG MOTORS EQUIPPED WITH RELUBRICATABLE BEARINGS ARE FITTED WITH A GREASE FITTING AND AN AUTO-MATIC PRESSURE AND RELIEF FITTING. THE PRESSURE RELIEF FITTING PROVIDES FOR AUTOMATIC PURGING OF THE OLD GREASE WHEN RELUBRICATING AS WELL AS INSURING AGAINST BEARING SEAL DAMAGE DUE TO EXCESSIVE GREASE PRESSURE. WHEN RELUBRICATING MOTORS OF THIS DESIGN, THE MOTOR SHOULD BE IN OPERATION AND NEW GREASE SLOWLY ADDED. THIS SHOULD BE CONTINUED UNTIL A QUANTITY OF OLD GREASE APPROXIMATELY EQUALLING THE VOLUME OF THE BEARING HOUSING IS BLED THROUGH THE AUTOMATIC RELIEF FITTING. CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE IN INSURING CLEANLINESS DURING THIS OPERATION. MOTOR GREASE FITTINGS AND GREASE GUN SHOULD BE WIPED CLEAN BEFORE STARTING THE OPERATION. GREASE SHOULD BE STORED IN TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTAINERS AND IN AS CLEAN A LOCATION AS POSSIBLE. ILG RECOMMENDS THE USE OF CALIFORNIA OIL CO. CHEVRON OHT GREASE AS A DEPENDABLE, GENERAL PURPOSE, LONG LIFED GREASE. SINCE THE ILG COMPANY RECOMMENDS THE USE OF RELUBRICATABLE BEARINGS ONLY IN CASES OF UNUSUAL LOADS, DUTY CYCLES OR TEMPER-ATURES, IT IS IMPRACTICAL TO GIVE GENERAL SCHEDULES FOR RELUBRICATION. WHERE THE USE OF RELUBRICA-ABLE BEARINGS ARE INDICATED, ILG WILL, UPON REQUEST, FURNISH A RECOMMENDED SCHEDULE UPON RECEIPT OF THE FOLLOWING.

- 1. FAN SIZE, TYPE AND RPM
- 2. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
- 3. TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR BEING HANDLED BY THE FAN
- INDICATE WHETHER OR NOT DIRT, MOISTURE OR OTHER CONTAMINATING SUBSTANCES ARE PRESENT.
- 5. NUMBER OF HOURS PER DAY AND DAYS PER WEEK OF FAN OPERATION.

RELUBRICATABLE BALL BEARINGS - Motors other than llg Built

AN INSTRUCTION TAG FROM THE MANUFACTURER IS INCLUDED WITH THE MOTOR AND THE RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED THEREIN SHOULD BE FOLLOWED.

SEALED SLEEVE BEARING - BEARINGS OF THIS TYPE ARE PROVIDED WITH A LARGE LUBRICANT RESERVOIR AND REQUIRE NO ATTENTION. BECAUSE OF THE EXTREMELY LIGHT LOADS ON MOTORS WITH THIS TYPE OF BEARING, THE LIFE WILL COMPARE FAVORABLY WITH LARGER MOTORS HAVING SEALED BALL BEARINGS.

RELUBRICATABLE SLEEVE BEARINGS - THE BEARING IS ESSENTIALLY THE SAME AS THE SEALED SLEEVE BEARING WITH THE EXCEPTION THAT IT MAY BE RELUBRICATED TO SECURE EXTENDED LIFE. TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM LIFE, 5 OR 6 DROPS OF SAE2O MOTOR OIL OR ELECTRIC MOTOR BEARING OIL SHOULD BE ADDED AFTER EVERY 1000 HOURS OF OPERATION.

NOTE: THE STATEMENTS REGARDING EXPECTED LIFE DO NOT CONSTITUTE A GUARANTEE, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, BUT ONLY SERVE AS AN INDICATION OF WHA, MAY BE EXPECTED OF THE EQUIPMENT. THE ILG COMPANY GUARANTEE WILL BE FOUND ELSEWHERE IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

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1. OVERLOAD PROTECTION

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SOME MOTORS ARE PROVIDED WITH BUILT-IN OVERLOAD PROTECTION. THIS FACT IS SO NOTED ON THE MOTOR RATING PLATE. IF THE MOTOR DOES NOT CONTAIN BUILT-IN OVERLOAD PROTECTION, IT IS MANDATORY THAT THIS PROTECTION BE PROVIDED BY STARTERS IN THE MOTOR CIRCUIT. THE STARTERS ARE TO BE EQUIPPED WITH OVERLOAD PROTECTION DEVICES OF A RATING SUITABLE FOR THE CURRENT RATING OF THE MOTOR. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS WILL RENDER THE GUARANTEE VOID.

2 PERIODIC CLEANING

PERIODIC CLEANING OF ALL FAN EQUIPMENT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED. DIRT AND GREASE ACCUMULATIONS ON THE IMPELLER CAUSE VIBRATION WHICH GREATLY INCREASE STRESSES AND LOADS ON THE MOTOR BEARINGS. A PROGRAM OF PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE WILL GREATLY INCREASE FAN AND MOTOR LIFE.

3. CHECKING DIRECTION OF ROTATION

CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO INSURE THE PROPER DIRECTION OF ROTATION. THIS IS PARTICULARLY TRUE IN THE CASE OF CENTRIFUGAL TYPE ROOF VENTILATORS. THIS TYPE OF EQUIPMENT WILL DELIVER AIR WHEN RUNNING IN EITHER DIRECTION, HOWEVER, THE LOAD IS GREATLY INCREASED WHEN OPERATION IS IN THE WRONG ROTATION. THIS IS A VERY COMMON CAUSE OF OVERLOAD TRIPPING IN CENTRIFUGAL TYPE ROOF VENTILATORS. WHEN THIS TROUBLE IS EXPERIENCED, TRY REVERSING FAN ROTATION BEFORE INCREASING THE SIZE OF THE OVERLOAD PROTECTION.

MOTOR OVERLOAD

FORWARD CURVE AND RADIAL BLADED FANS CONSUME MAXIMUM HORSEPOWER AT O" STATIC PRESSURE. SOME FANS OF THIS TYPE ARE POWERED SO THAT OPERATION AT O" STATIC PRESSURE WILL OVERLOAD THE MOTOR. CHECK CATALOG RATINGS TO DETERMINE MINIMUM STATIC PRESSURE OPERATION IF OVERLOADING IS EXPERI-ENCED WITH THIS TYPE OF EQUIPMENT.

5. CHECKING RUNNING CLEARANCE

TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE AND EFFICIENCY, FANS ARE PRECISION BUILT MACHINES. UPON OCCASION, PARTS WILL SHIFT SLIGHTLY DUE TO MISHANDLING IN SHIPMENT. THIS CAN CAUSE BINDING OF THE ROTATING ASSEMBLY. BEFORE PLACING ANY FAN IN OPERATION, THE IMPELLER SHOULD BE TURNED BY HAND TO ENSURE THAT NO BINDING OR INTERFERENCE IS PRESENT.

ILG GUARANTEE

Ilg Industries Inc., guarantees its products to be free of original defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from date of shipment from factory or from distributors stock, provided motors are properly installed with overload protection as or if required by national and/or local codes. Ilg agrees to repair or replace defective part or parts to be returned to Ilg, all transportation charges prepaid. Ilg does not guarantee against abrasion, corrosion or erosion. Ilg shall not be held responsible for any charges in connection with the removal or replacement of alleged defective equipment nor for incidental or consequential damages. Guarantees on purchased material are limited to terms of guarantee furnished by our supplier.





2850 North Pulaski Road, Chicago, Illinois 60641

AREA CODE 312-725-8016



CHICAGO DIVISION www.SteamPoweredRadio.Com INTERNATIONAL DIVISION

PRODUCT **TUNG-SOL** BULLETIN

BEAM POWER PENTODE

DESCRIPTION - The Tung-Sol 8236 is an all service beam power pentode particularly suited for use in horizontal deflection circuits and as an R-F power amplifier up to 30 megacycles. Its carbon anode and hard glass bulb permit continuous operation at 50-watt plate dissipation.

In most cases, the 8236 will function as a high dissipation, direct plug-in replacement for the 6DQ5.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Heater Voltage	$6.3 \pm 10\%$	Volts
Heater Current — $E_r = 6.3$ Volts	2.5	Amperes
Transconductance	10,500	Micromhos
Mu, Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1	3.3	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances	0.5	Picofarad
Grid No. 1 to Plate	0.5	110010100
Input	23	Picofarads
Output	11	Picofarads

MECHANICAL DATA

Mounting Position Bulb Base	Any JEDEC T-12 Large wafer octal with sleeve, JETEC No. B8-98
Cap	JEDEC C1-1 (Small)
Maximum Net Weight	3.75 ounces

R-F POWER AMPLIFIER

Class C Telegraphy and F-M Telephony

MAXIMUM RATINGS: (Up to 30 Mc)

	CCS	ICAS	
D-C Plate Voltage	1,000	1.200	Volts
D-C Grid No. 2 Voltage	200	200	Volts
D-C Grid No. 1 Voltage		-150	Volts
D-C Plate Current	200	230	Milliam
D-C Grid No. 1 Current	3.5	4.0	Milliam
Plate Input	150	200	Watts
Grid No. 2 Input.	3.2	3.2	Watts
Plate Dissipation	50	60	Watts
Plate Dissipation Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage	±135	± 135	Volts
Bulb Temperature	250	250	Degrees

TYPICAL OPERATION — As Amplifier up to 30 Megacycles

D-C Plate Voltage	700	900	Ve
D-C Plate voltage	140	145	Ve
D-C Grid No. 2 Voltage from Series Resistor of		70,000	0
HOIL Series Resistor of	-75	-77	V
D-C Grid No. 1 Voltage from Grid No. 1 Resistor of		24,000	0
from Grid No. 1 Resistor Of	90	97	Vo
Peak R-F Grid No. 1 Voltage	200	227	M
D-C Plate Current	14	11	M
D-C Grid No. 2 Current		2.2	
D C Grid No. 1 Current—Approximate	2.8	3.3	M
Driving Power_Approximate	0.23	0.28	W
Driving Power-Approximate	140	200	W
Plate Power Input	105	141	14
Power Output	105	141	

Volts
Volts
Volts
Milliamperes
Milliamperes
Watts
Watts
Watts
Volts
Degrees
Centigrade

Volts Volts Ohms Volts Ohms Volts Milliamperes Milliamperes Milliamperes Natts Watts Natts



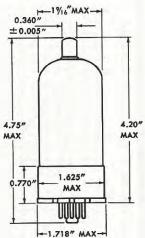
INDUSTRIAL

TYPE 8236

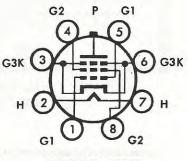
ELECTRON

TUBE

FEBRUARY 1963



OUTLINE DRAWING



BOTTOM VIEW

XXXXXX R × K R K × XXX

XXXXX

1

2

Z

X

W.

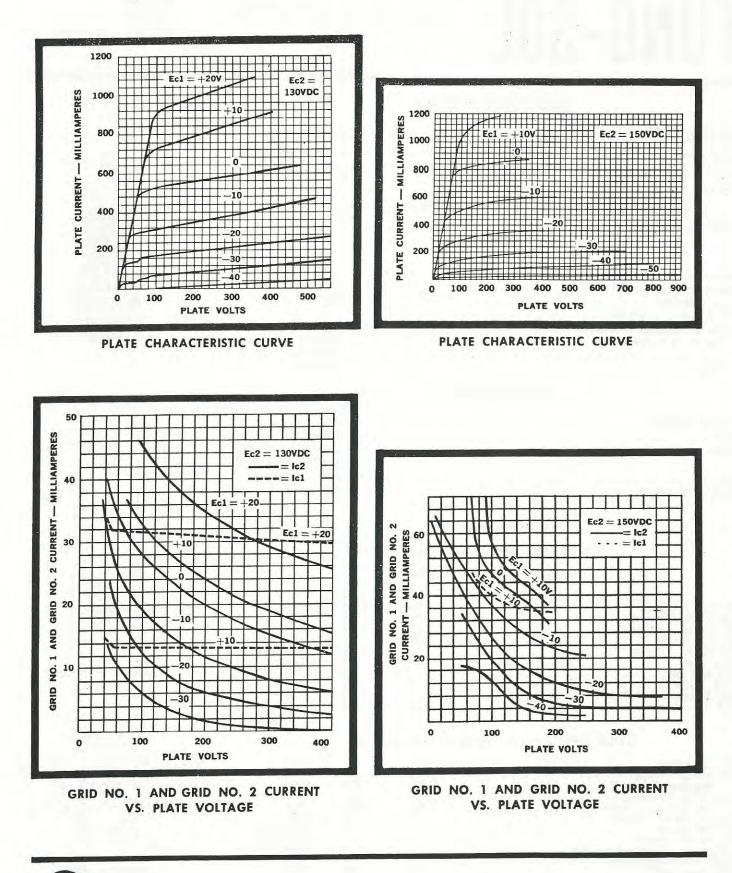
M.

X X Z.

K

K

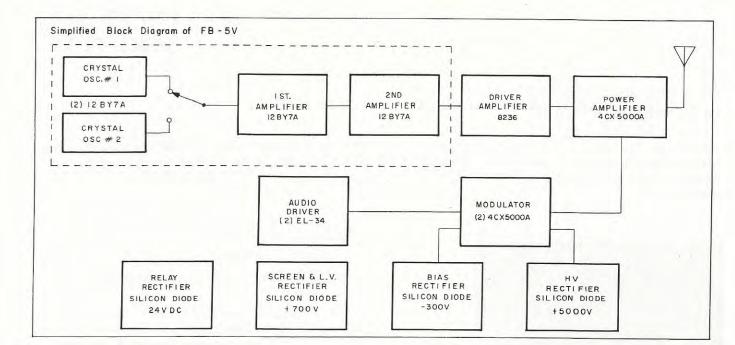
TYPE 8236



TUNG-SOL ELECTRIC INC., ONE SUMMER AVENUE, NEWARK 4, NEW JERSEY

www.SteamPoweredRadio.Com

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SPECIFICATIONS

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

AF input impedance. 600 ohms

AF input level. 10 dbm (100% modulation)

AF response. ± 1 db (30 - 12 KHz)

AF distortion. Less than 3% (95% mod., 50H0 KHz)

Noise. 60 db or better (Below 100% modulation)

Frequency stability. ±5 Hz

RF output. 50/70 ohms, unbalanced

Carrier shift. Less than 3% (100% modulation)

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power output nominal. 5000 watts

Power output capability. 6000 watts

Power supply. 230 volts, 50/60 Hz, 3 phase

Power consumption.

0% modulation	10.6 kw
Average modulation	12.0 kw
100% modulation	15.5 kw

Power factor. 90%

Tube complement.

- 2 12BY7A oscillators
- 2 12BY7A buffers
- 1 8236 driver
- 1 4CX5000A power amplifier
- 2 EL-34/6CA7 audio driver
- 2 4CX5000A modulator

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Data subject to change without notice due to product improvements. Printed in the U.S.A.

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Height, 75 inches (190.5 cm)

Width. 60 inches (152.4 cm)

Depth. 29 inches (73.7 cm)

Weights.

Net	2000 pounds	(907.2 kg)
Domestic	2400 pounds	(1086.6 kg)
Export	2700 pounds	(1224.7 kg)

Altitude range. To 8000 feet

Ambient operating temperature. To 113°F

ORDERING INFORMATION

G/A Bauer Model FB-5V AM transmitter, 5000/1000 or 500 watts, complete with tubes, two crystals, tuned and tested on frequency.

Optional and accessory equipment

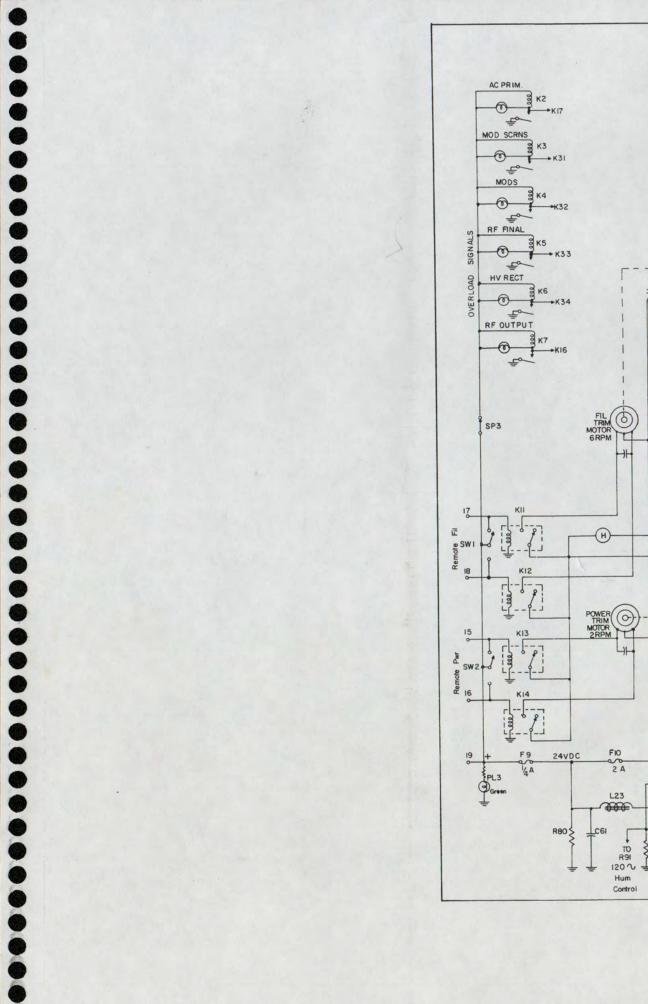
Type TK-5V recommended set of spare tubes Type WRC-10T remote control system Type 440B Log Alarm[®] automatic logging system Type ACU-305 antenna coupling unit

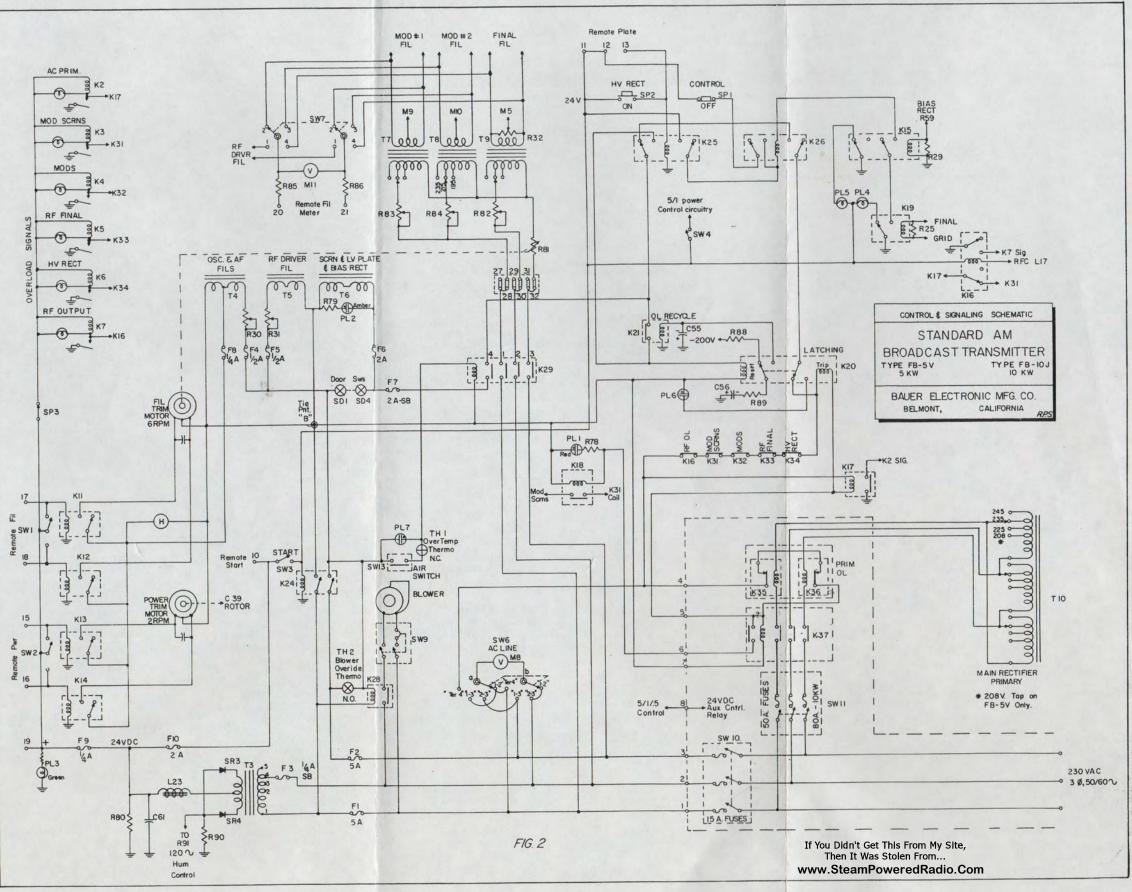
OTHER G/A BAUER AM TRANSMITTERS

Model 720 50-watt transmitter Model 707 1000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-3A 3000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-10J 10, 000-watt AM transmitter Model FB-15A 15, 000-watt AM transmitter Model 725 25, 000-watt AM transmitter

More information for you.

Additional information on this product is available from Granger Associates-Bauer Broadcast Products, 1601 California Avenue, Palo Alto, California 94304 or 818 18th Street NW, Washington, D. C. 20006; 1 Brooklands Road, Weybridge, Surrey, England; 1-3 Dale Street, Brookvale, NSW 2100, Australia; or from the G/A-BAUER Communication Engineering Office nearest you.





2 2

